

S7002

Version 1.00

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Before you begin...

Check the box contents!

The retail motherboard package should contain the following:

	1x S7002 Motherboard
3	6 x SATA Cable
	1 x S7002 User's manual
	1 x S7002 Quick reference guide
•	1 x TYAN [®] Driver CD
Salte of	1 x I/O shield

Chapter 1: Instruction

1.1 - Congratulations

You have purchased one of the most powerful server solutions based on the Intel® Tylersburg chipset. The TYAN® S7002 series motherboard is designed to support up to two Intel® Nehalem-EP 2S processors and up to 64GB DDR3-800/1066/1333 memory. Leveraging the advanced technology from Intel, the TYAN® S7002 series is capable of offering a scalable 32 and 64-bit computing environment with high-bandwidth memory design and lightning-fast PCI-E bus providing a rich feature set and incredible performance.

The TYAN S7002 series is designed around several different configurations which are detailed in the following 1.2 Hardware Specification section:

1.2 - Hardware Specifications

TYAN S7002-LE (S7002G2NR-LE)

			,
	Su	oported CPU Series	Intel Xeon 5500 series QC/DC processors
Processor	Soc	cket Type / QTY	LGA1366 / (2)
FIOCESSOI		ermal Design Power (TDP) ttage	130W
	Sys	stem Bus (MHz)	1333/1066/800
Chipset	IOF	I / ICH	Intel 5500 / ICH10R
Chipset	Su	oer I/O	Winbond W83627
	Su	oported DIMM Qty	(8) DIMM sockets
	DIN	/IM Type / Speed	DDR3 800/1066/1333 RDIMM, UDIMM
Memory	Capacity		Up to 64GB
	Memory channel		6 channels (3-channel per CPU)
	Me	mory voltage	1.5V
•		I-E	(1) PCI-E x16 slot (Gen 2) / (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link)
Expansion Slots	Red	commended TYAN Riser rd	M2083-RS, PCI-E x16 1U riser card (left)
LAN	Poi	t QTY	(2)
LAN	Co	ntroller	Intel 82574
		Connector	(6)
Storago S	ΑΤΑ	Controller	ICH10R
Storage S	AIA	Speed	3.0 Gb/s
		RAID	S/W RAID 0,1,5,10 standard

	Connector type	D-Sub 15pin(Embedded VGA)
Graphic	Resolution	1600x1200@60Hz
	Chipset	Aspeed AST2050
	USB	(8) USB2.0 ports (4 at rear, 4 via cable)
	COM	(2) ports (1 at rear, 1 via cable)
	SAS	(8) SAS connectors
	VGA	(1) D-Sub 15pin VGA port
Input /Output	RJ-45	(2) GbE ports
	Power	SSI 24-pin + 8-pin + 8-pin power connectors / EPS- 12V
	Front Panel	(1) 2x12 pin SSI Front Panel header
	SATA	(6) SATAII connectors
	Chipset	Winbond W83793G
	Voltage	Monitors voltage for CPU, memory, chipset & power supply
System	Fan	Total (5) 4-pin headers
Monitoring	Temperature	Monitors temperature for CPU & system environment
	LED	Fan fail LED indicator / Over temperature warning indicator
	Others	Chassis intrusion detection / Watch Dog timer suppor
	Brand / ROM size	16MB / AMI
BIOS	Feature	Plug and Play (PnP) /PCI2.3 /WfM2.0 /SMBIOS2.3 /PXE Boot / ACPI 2.0 power management /Power on mode after power recovery / Auto-configurable of hard disk types / Multiple boot options
	Form Factor	SSI CEB
Form Factor	Board Dimension	12"x10.5" (305x267mm)
Operation System	OS supported list	Please refer to our OS supported list.
Regulation	FCC (Doc)	Class B
	CE (Doc)	Yes
	Operating Temp	10° C ~ 35° C (50° F~ 95° F)
Operating Environment	Non-operating Temp	- 40° C ~ 70° C (-40° F ~ 158° F)
	In/Non- operating Humidity	90%, non-condensing at 35° C
RoHS	RoHS 6/6 Complaint	Yes
Accessory list	Motherboard	(1) TYAN motherboard
Accessory list	Manual	(1) User's manual / (1) Quick Ref. Guide
	Installation CD	(1) TYAN Installation CD
		(.,

	I/O Shield	(1) I/O Shield
	Cable	(6) SATA signal cables
Ontional	Riser Card	M2083-RS, PCI-E 1U riser card (left)
Optional accessories for future upgrade	Cable	(1) CCBL-0615, COM port cable / (1) CCBL-0311, SATA 1-to-2 power cable / (1) CCBL-035J, USB bracket cable

TYAN S7002 (S7002WGM2NR)

	Supported CPI	J Series	Intel Xeon 5500 series QC/DC processors
	Socket Type / 0	QTY	LGA1366 / (2)
Processor	Thermal Desig	n Power (TDP)	130W
	System Bus (M	IHz)	Intel QuickPath Interconnect (QPI)
Chipset	IOH / ICH		Intel 5520 / ICH10R
Cilipset	Super I/O		Winbond W83627
	Supported DIM	IM Qty	(8) DIMM sockets
	DIMM Type / S	peed	DDR3 800/1066/1333 RDIMM, UDIMM
Memory	Capacity		Up to 64GB
	Memory channel		6 channels (3-channel per CPU)
	Memory voltag	e	1.5V
Expansion Slots	PCI-E		(1) PCI-E x8 slot (w/ x4 link) / (1) PCI-E x16 slot (Gen 2) / (2) PCI-E x8 slots (Gen 2)
Oloto	Recommended Card	I TYAN Riser	M2083-RS, PCI-E x16 1U riser card (left)
LAN	Port QTY		(2)
LAN	Controller		Intel 82574
		Connector	(8)
	SAS	Controller	LSI SAS1068E
	OAO	Speed	3.0 Gb/s
Storage		RAID	S/W RAID 0,1,1E standard
	SATA	Connector	(6)
		Controller	ICH10R
		Speed	3.0 Gb/s
		RAID	S/W RAID 0,1,5,10 standard

Graphic	Connector type	D-Sub 15pin(Embedded VGA)
Grapino	Resolution	1600x1200@60Hz
	Chipset	Aspeed AST2050
USB		(8) USB2.0 ports (4 at rear, 4 via cable)
	COM	(2) ports (1 at rear, 1 via cable)
	PS/2	(1) PS/2 connector
	SAS	(8) SAS connectors
Input /Output	VGA	(1) D-Sub 15pin VGA port
	RJ-45	(2) GbE ports
	Power	SSI 24-pin + 8-pin + 8-pin power connectors / EPS 12V
	Front Panel	(1) 2x12 pin SSI Front Panel header
	SATA	(6) SATAII connectors
	Chipset	Winbond W83793G
	Voltage	Monitors voltage for CPU, memory, chipset & power supply
System	Fan	Total (5) 4-pin headers
Monitoring	Temperature	Monitors temperature for CPU & system environment
	LED	Fan fail LED indicator / Over temperature warning indicator
	Others	Chassis intrusion detection / Watch Dog timer support
Onboard Chipset		Onboard Aspeed AST2050
Server Management	AST2050 IPMI Feature	IPMI 2.0 compliant baseboard management controller (BMC) / Supports storage over IP and remote platform-flash/ BIOS update / USB 2.0 virtual Hub
	AST2050 iKVM Feature	24bit High quality video compression / Dual 10/100 Mb/s MAC interfaces
	Brand / ROM size	16MB / AMI
BIOS	Feature	Plug and Play (PnP) /PCI2.3 /WfM2.0 /SMBIOS2.3 /PXE Boot / ACPI 2.0 power management /Power on mode after power recovery / User-configurable H/W monitoring / Auto- configurable of hard disk types / Multiple boot options

	Form Factor	SSI CEB
Form Factor	Board Dimension	12"x10.5" (305x267mm)
Operation System	OS supported list	Please refer to our OS supported list.
Regulation	FCC (Doc)	Class B
regulation	CE (Doc)	Yes
Operating Environment	Operating Temp	10° C ~ 35° C (50° F~ 95° F)
	Non-operating Temp	- 40° C ~ 70° C (-40° F ~ 158° F)
	In/Non- operating Humidity	90%, non-condensing at 35° C
RoHS	RoHS 6/6 Complaint	Yes
	Motherboard	(1) TYAN motherboard
	Manual	(1) User's manual / (1) Quick Ref. Guide
Accessory list	Installation CD	(1) TYAN Installation CD
	I/O Shield	(1) I/O Shield
	Cable	(6) SATA signal cables
Ontional	Riser Card	M2083-RS, PCI-E 1U riser card (left)
Optional accessories for future upgrade	Cable	(1) CCBL-0615, COM port cable / (1) SAS cable for S7002 / (1) CCBL-0311, SATA 1-to-2 power cable / (1) CCBL-035J, USB bracket cable

TYAN S7002-LE (S7002WGM2NR-LE)

	Supported CPU Series	Intel Xeon 5500 series QC/DC processors
	Socket Type / QTY	LGA1366 / (2)
Processo	Thermal Design Power (TDP) wattage	130W
	System Bus (MHz)	1333/1066/800
Chipset	IOH / ICH	Intel 5500 / ICH10R
Ompaet	Super I/O	Winbond W83627
Memory	Supported DIMM Qty	(8) DIMM sockets

	DIMM	Type / Speed	DDR3 800/1066/1333 RDIMM, UDIMM
Memory	Capacity		Up to 64GB
,	Memory channel		6 channels (3-channel per CPU)
	Memo	ory voltage	1.5V
PCI-E			(1) PCI-E x16 slot (Gen 2) / (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link)
Slots	Reco Riser	mmended TYAN Card	M2083-RS, PCI-E x16 1U riser card (left)
LAN	Port 0	ΩТΥ	(2)
LAN	Contr	oller	Intel 82574
		Connector	(8)
	SAS	Controller	LSI SAS1068E
	575	Speed	3.0 Gb/s
Storage		RAID	S/W RAID 0,1,1E standard
Otorage		Connector	(6)
	SATA	Controller	ICH10R
	OAIA	Speed	3.0 Gb/s
		RAID	S/W RAID 0,1,5,10 standard
	Conn	ector type	D-Sub 15pin (Embedded VGA)
Graphic	Reso	lution	1600x1200@60Hz
	Chips	set	Aspeed AST2050
	USB		(8) USB2.0 ports (4 at rear, 4 via cable)
	COM		(2) ports (1 at rear, 1 via cable)
	SAS		(8) SAS connectors
	VGA		(1) D-Sub 15pin VGA port(Embedded VGA)
Input /Output	RJ-45	5	(2) GbE ports
	Power		SSI 24-pin + 8-pin + 8-pin power connectors / EPS-12V
	Front	Panel	(1) 2x12 pin SSI Front Panel header
	SATA		(6) SATAII connectors
	Chips	set	Winbond W83793G
System Monitoring	Voltage		Monitors voltage for CPU, memory, chipset & power supply
	Fan		Total (5) 4-pin headers

	Temperature	Monitors temperature for CPU & system environment
System Monitoring L	LED	Fan fail LED indicator / Over temperature warning indicator
	Others	Chassis intrusion detection / Watch Dog timer support
	Onboard Chipset	Onboard Aspeed AST2050
Server Management	AST2050 IPMI Feature	IPMI 2.0 compliant baseboard management controller (BMC) / Supports storage over IP and remote platform-flash/ BIOS update / USB 2.0 virtual Hub
	AST2050 iKVM Feature	24bit High quality video compression / Dual 10/100 Mb/s MAC interfaces
	Brand / ROM size	16MB / AMI
BIOS	Feature	Plug and Play (PnP) /PCI2.3 /WfM2.0 /SMBIOS2.3 /PXE Boot / ACPI 2.0 power management /Power on mode after power recovery / Auto-configurable of hard disk types / Multiple boot options
Form Factor	Form Factor	SSI CEB
T OTHER DECICE	Board Dimension	12"x10.5" (305x267mm)
Operation System	OS supported list	Please refer to our OS supported list.
Regulation	FCC (Doc)	Class B
rtogulution	CE (Doc)	Yes
	Operating Temp	10° C ~ 35° C (50° F~ 95° F)
Operating	Non-operating Temp	- 40° C ~ 70° C (-40° F ~ 158° F)
Environment	In/Non-operating Humidity	90%, non-condensing at 35° C
RoHS	RoHS 6/6 Complaint	Yes
RoHS	RoHS 6/6 Complaint Motherboard	Yes (1) TYAN motherboard
RoHS	·	· · · ·
Accessory list	Motherboard Manual	(1) TYAN motherboard
	Motherboard Manual	(1) TYAN motherboard (1) User's manual / (1) Quick Ref. Guide
	Motherboard Manual Installation CD	(1) TYAN motherboard (1) User's manual / (1) Quick Ref. Guide (1) TYAN Installation CD

Optional accessories	Riser Card	M2083-RS, PCI-E 1U riser card (left)
for future upgrade	Cable	(1) CCBL-0615, COM port cable / (1) SAS cable for S7002 / (1) CCBL-0311, SATA 1-to-2 power cable / (1) CCBL-035J, USB bracket cable

TYAN S7002-LE (S7002GM2NR-LE)

Supported CPU Series Intel Xeon 5500 series Frocessor Focket Type / QTY LGA1366 / (2) Thermal Design Power (TDP) wattage 130W System Bus (MHz) 1333/1066/800 Lot Intel 5500 / ICH10R Supported DIMM Qty (8) DIMM sockets DIMM Type / Speed DDR3 800/1066/1333 RDIMM, UDIMM Capacity Up to 64GB Memory channel 6 channels (3-channel per CPU) Memory voltage 1.5V Expansion Slots PCI-E (1) PCI-E x16 slot (Gen 2) / (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link) Intel Sector (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link) M2083-RS, PCI-E x16 1U riser card (left) Recommended Barebone / Chassis LAN Port QTY (2) Controller Intel 82574 Connector (6) Controller ICH10R Storage SATA Speed 3.0 Gb/s <td colspan<="" th=""><th></th><th>1 17 11 0 7 002</th><th>E-LL (370020141214</th><th></th></td>	<th></th> <th>1 17 11 0 7 002</th> <th>E-LL (370020141214</th> <th></th>		1 17 11 0 7 002	E-LL (370020141214	
Processor Socket Type / QTY LGA1366 / (2) Thermal Design Power (TDP) wattage 130W System Bus (MHz) 1333/1066/800 Chipset Intel 5500 / ICH10R Winbond W83627 Supported DIMM Qty (8) DIMM sockets DDR3 800/1066/1333 RDIMM, UDIMM Memory channel 6 channels (3-channel per CPU) Memory voltage 1.5V Expansion Slots PCI-E (1) PCI-E x16 slot (Gen 2) / (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link) Recommended Barebone / Chassis LAN Port QTY (2) Controller GT20-B7002 Connector (6) Connector (6) Controller ICH10R Storage SATA Speed 3.0 Gb/s SATA Speed 3.0 Gb/s SATA <th colspan<="" th=""><th></th><th>Supported CPU S</th><th>Series</th><th>Intel Xeon 5500 series</th></th>	<th></th> <th>Supported CPU S</th> <th>Series</th> <th>Intel Xeon 5500 series</th>		Supported CPU S	Series	Intel Xeon 5500 series
System Bus (MHz) 1333/1066/800	Processor	Socket Type / QT	Υ		
Chipset IOH / ICH Super I/O Winbond W83627		Thermal Design I	Power (TDP) wattage	130W	
Super I/O Winbond W83627		System Bus (MH	z)	1333/1066/800	
Supported DIMM Qty	Chinset	IOH / ICH		Intel 5500 / ICH10R	
DIMM Type / Speed		Super I/O		Winbond W83627	
Name		Supported DIMM	Qty	(8) DIMM sockets	
Memory channel 6 channels (3-channel per CPU)		DIMM Type / Spe	ed		
Memory channel CPU	Memory	Capacity		Up to 64GB	
PCI-E (1) PCI-E x16 slot (Gen 2) / (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link)		Memory channel		` '	
PCI-E (2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4 link)		Memory voltage		1.5V	
Recommended YAN Riser Card riser card (left)	Expansion Slots	PCI-E		(2) PCI-E x8 slots (w/ x4	
Barebone / Chassis GT20-B7002		Recommended T	YAN Riser Card		
Controller	Barebone /	1U Barebone		GT20-B7002	
Controller	I AN	Port QTY		(2)	
Controller ICH10R	LAN	Controller		Intel 82574	
Storage SATA Speed 3.0 Gb/s RAID S/W RAID 0,1,5,10			Connector	(6)	
S/W RAID 0,1,5,10			Controller	ICH10R	
RAID	Storage	SATA	Speed	3.0 Gb/s	
			RAID	, , ,	

Graphic	Connector type	D-Sub 15pin	
Grapilic	Resolution	1600x1200@60Hz	
	Chipset	Aspeed AST2050	
	USB	(8) USB2.0 ports (4 at rear, 4 via cable)	
	СОМ	(2) ports (1 at rear, 1 via cable)	
	VGA	(1) D-Sub 15pin VGA port	
Input /Output	RJ-45	(2) GbE ports	
	Power	SSI 24-pin + 8-pin + 8-pin power connectors / EPS 12V	
	Front Panel	(1) 2x12 pin SSI Front Panel header	
	SATA	(6) SATAII connectors	
	Chipset	Winbond W83793G	
System	Voltage	Monitors voltage for CPU, memory, chipset & power supply	
	Fan	Total (5) 4-pin headers	
Monitoring	Temperature	Monitors temperature for CPU & system environment	
	LED	Fan fail LED indicator / Over temperature warning indicator	
	Others	Chassis intrusion detection / Watch Dog timer support	
Server	Onboard Chipset	Onboard Aspeed AST2050	
Management Server	AST2050 IPMI Feature	IPMI 2.0 compliant baseboard management controller (BMC) / Supports storage over IP and remote platform-flash/ BIOS update / USB 2.0 virtual Hub	
Management	AST2050 iKVM Feature	24bit High quality video compression / Dual 10/100 Mb/s MAC interfaces	
	Brand / ROM size	16MB / AMI	
BIOS	Feature	Plug and Play (PnP) /PCl2.3 /WfM2.0 /SMBIOS2.3 /PXE Boot / ACPl 2.0 power management /Power on mode after power recovery / Auto-configurable of hard disk types / Multiple boot options	
	Form Factor	SSICEB	
Form Factor	Board Dimension	12"x10.5" (305x267mm)	

Operation System	OS supported list Please refer to our OS supported list.				
Regulation	FCC (Doc)	Class B			
Negulation	CE (Doc)	Yes			
	Operating Temp	10° C ~ 35° C (50° F~ 95° F)			
Operating Environment	Non-operating Temp	- 40° C ~ 70° C (-40° F ~ 158° F)			
LIVIIOIIIICII	In/Non-operating Humidity	90%, non-condensing at 35° C			
RoHS	RoHS 6/6 Complaint	Yes			
	Motherboard	(1) TYAN motherboard			
	Manual	(1) User's manual / (1) Quick Ref. Guide			
Accessory list	Installation CD	(1) TYAN Installation CD			
	I/O Shield	(1) I/O Shield			
	Cable	(6) SATA signal cables			
	Riser Card	M2083-RS, PCI-E 1U riser card (left)			
Optional accessories for future upgrade	Cable	(1) CCBL-0615, COM port cable / (1) CCBL-0311, SATA 1-to-2 power cable / (1) CCBL-035J, USB bracket cable			



Note:

Instructions and images within this manual are represented S7002WAP2NR. For different SKUs some variations in detail are possible.

Remember to visit TYAN[®]'s Website at http://www.TYAN.com. There you can find information on all of TYAN[®]'s products with FAQs, online manuals and BIOS upgrades and more.

1.3 - Software Specifications

For OS (operation system) support, please check the $\mathsf{TYAN}^{\mathbb{8}}$ website for the latest information.

1.4 - AST2050 User Guide

Remember to visit TYAN[®]'s Website at http://www.TYAN.com for AST2050 updated user guide.

Chapter 2: Board Installation

You are now ready to install your motherboard.

How to install our products right... the first time

The first thing you should do is reading this user's manual. It contains important information that will make configuration and setup much easier. Here are some precautions you should take when installing your motherboard:

- (1) Ground yourself properly before removing your motherboard from the antistatic bag. Unplug the power from your computer power supply and then touch a safely grounded object to release static charge (i.e. power supply case). For the safest conditions, TYAN® recommends wearing a static safety wrist strap.
- (2) Hold the motherboard by its edges and do not touch the bottom of the board, or flex the board in any way.
- (3) Avoid touching the motherboard components, IC chips, connectors, memory modules, and leads.
- (4) Place the motherboard on a grounded antistatic surface or on the antistatic bag that the board was shipped in.
- (5) Inspect the board for damage.

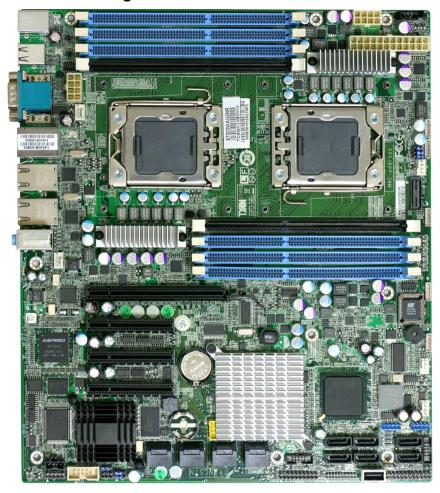
The following pages include details on how to install your motherboard into your chassis, as well as installing the processor, memory, disk drives and cables.



Note:

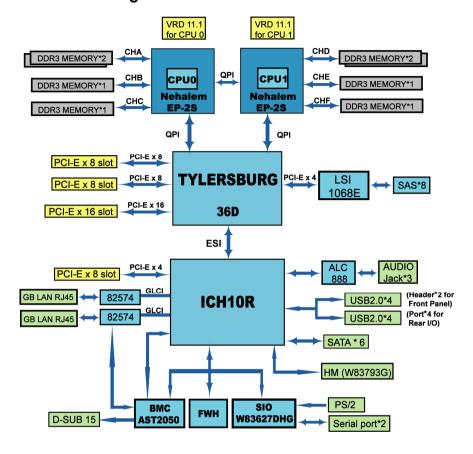
DO NOT APPLY POWER TO THE BOARD IF IT HAS BEEN DAMAGED.

2.1 - Board Image



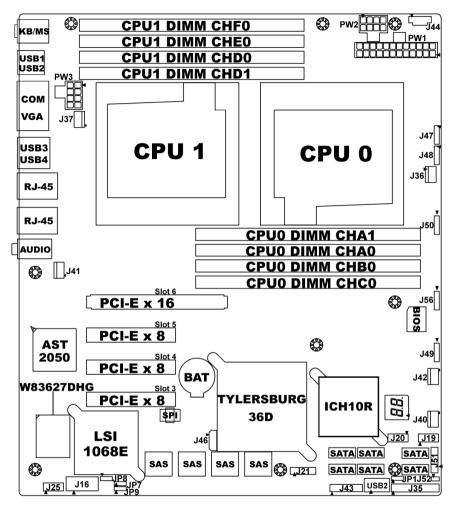
This diagram is representative of the latest motherboard (S7002WAP2NR) revision available at the time of publishing. The board you receive may not look exactly like the above diagram.

2.2 - Block Diagram



S7002 Block Diagram (Represents all SKUs)

2.3 - Board Parts, Jumpers and Connectors



This diagram is representative of the latest board revision (S7002WAP2NR) available at the time of publishing. The board you receive may not look exactly like the above diagram.

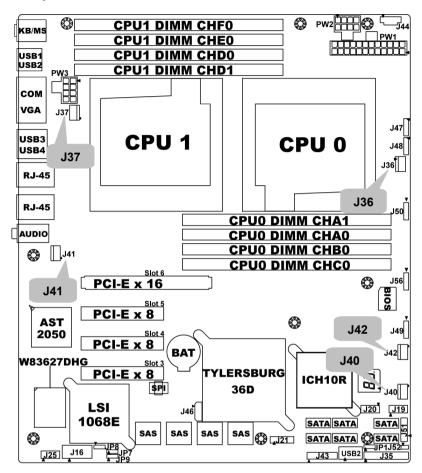
Jumpers & Connectors

Jumper/Connector	Function
J36/J37/J40/J41/J42/J47/J48/J49/J50/J56	Fan connectors
J16	COM2 Header
J19/J20	Front USB Header
J25	Front Panel Audio
J35	Front Panel Header
J43	Clear CMOS
J44	PSMI Connector
J46	IPMB Pin Header
J21/J51	SAS SGPIO Header
J52	BMC RST Button
JP1	Clear CMOS
JP7	On Board SAS LSI1068E EN/DIS
JP8/JP9	COM2 Select

Jumper Legend

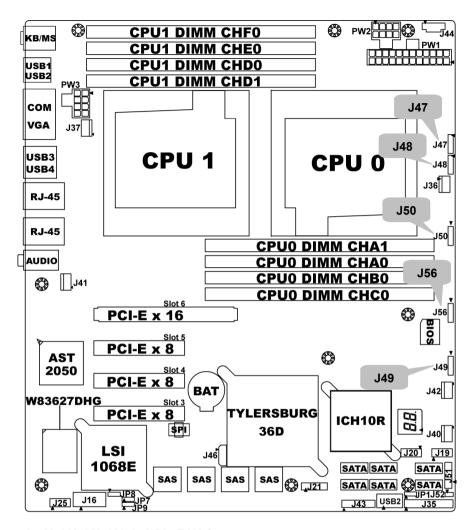
OPEN - Jumper OFF	Without jumper cover	
CLOSED - Jumper ON	With jumper cover	

Jumper Placement



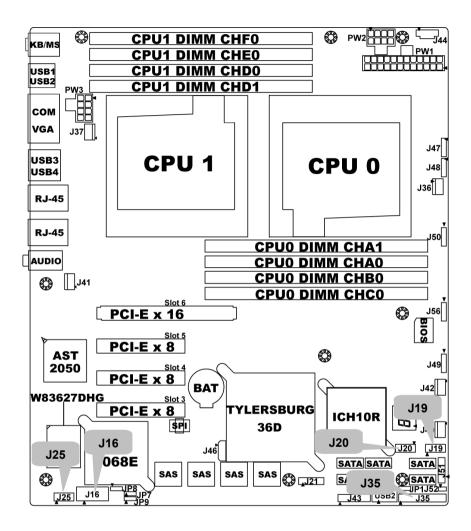
J36/J37/J40/J41/J42: 4-Pin FAN Connector

	Pin	1	2	3	4
Pin 1	Signal	GND	+12V	FAN_TACH	FAN_PWM
F					



J47/J48/J49/J50/J56: 8-Pin FAN Connector

	Pin	1	2	3	4
	Signal	PWM	VDD_12_RUN	TACHIN	GND
Pin_1	Pin	5	6	7	8
	Signal	GND	TACHIN	VDD_12_RUN	PWM



J16: Com2 Header

	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
	DCD	1	2	DSR
PIN_9	RXD	3	4	RTS
PIN_10	TXD	5	6	CTS
	DTR	7	8	RI
	GND	9	10	Key

24 http://www.TYAN.com

J19/J20: Front USB Header

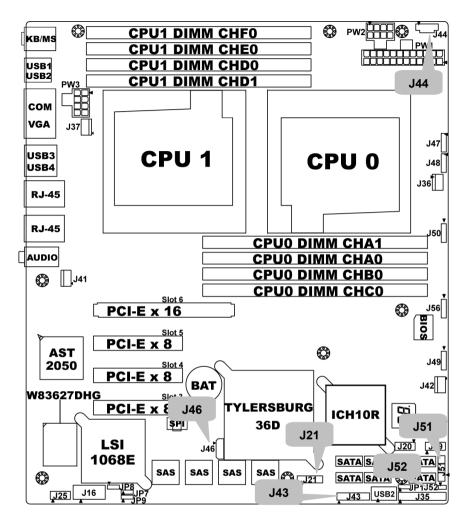
	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
PIN_2 PIN_10	+5V	1	2	+5V
	USB DATA1-	3	4	USB DATA2-
	USBDATA1+	5	6	USBDATA2+
PIN_1 PIN_9	GND	7	8	GND
	Key	9	10	GND

J25: Front Panel Audio

	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
	MIC2-L	1	2	GND
PIN_9	MIC2-R	3	4	FP_Present
PIN_10	LINE2-R	5	6	MIC2-JD
	FP IO Sense	7	8	Key
	LINE2-R	9	10	LINE2-JD

J35: Front Panel Header

1 2	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
	PW_LED+	1	2	FP_PWER(3.3V)
	KEY	3	4	ID_LED+
	PW_LED-	5	6	ID_ LED-
	HD_ LED+	7	8	FAULT_ LED-
	HD_LED-	9	10	FAULT_ LED-
	PW_SW#	11	12	LAN1_ACTLE+
	GND	13	14	LAN1_ACTLE-
	RST_SW#	15	16	SDA
	GND	17	18	SCL
	SYS_ID_SW#	19	20	INTRUDER#
	GND	21	22	LAN2_ACTLED+
23 24	NMI_SW#	23	24	LAN2_ACTLED-



J21/J51 SAS SGPIO Header

DIN 2 DIN 40	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
PIN_2 PIN_10	SCL	1	2	SDATA IN
	SDA	3	4	SDATA OUT-
	GND	5	6	SLOAD
PIN_1 PIN_9	KEY	7	8	SCLOCK
1	NC	9	10	HD_ERROR_LED

J43: Fan Connector for Barebones Systems

Pin_1 2	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
	TACH1	1	2	TACH6
	TACH2	3	4	TACH7
	TACH3	5	6	TACH8
	TACH4	7	8	TACH9
	TACH5	9	10	TACH10
	GND	11	12	KEY PIN
	PWM2	13	14	PWM1
	TACH11	15	16	TACH13
	TACH12	17	18	TACH14
19 20	NC	19	20	PWM3

J44: PSMI Connector

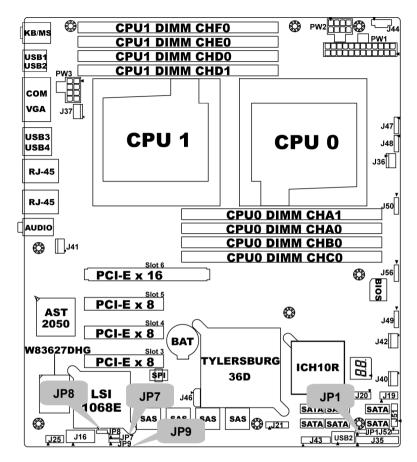
	Pin	Signal			
	1	SMB_CLK			
	2	SMB_DAT			
	3	PSU_SMBALERT_N			
	4	GND			
Pin_1	5	V3.3			

J46: IPMB Connector

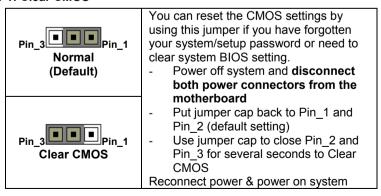
	Pin	1	2	3	4
Pin_1	Signal	IPMB DATA	GND	IPMB CLK	NC

J52 BMC RST Button

	Pin	1	2
Pin_1	Signal	RST#	GND



JP1: Clear CMOS



JP7 On Board SAS LSI1068E Enabled/Disabled

Pin_3 Pin_1	Pin	1	2	3
Pin_3 Pin_1	Signal	PLTRST#	SAS_RST#	GND

Note: Pin1-2: Enable onboard SAS chip; Pin2-3: Disable onboard SAS chip

JP8/JP9: COM2 Select

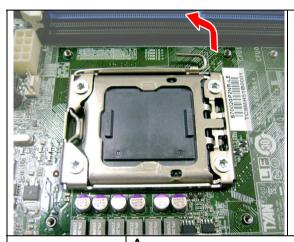
Pin_3 Pin_1	Pin	1	2	3
Pin_3 Pin_1	Signal	SIO RX	COM2_RX	BMC RX

Note: Pin1-2: <Default>SIO to COM2; Pin2-3: BMC UART2 to COM2

2.4 - Installing the Processor

Your brand new S7002 supports the latest Tylersburg platform from Intel[®]. Only Intel[®] "Nehalem-EP 2S" processors are certified and supported with this motherboard.

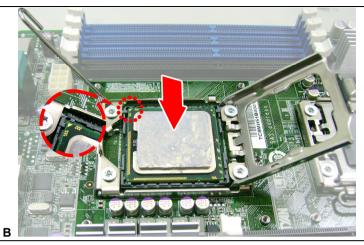
Check our website for latest processor support. http://www.TYAN.com
TYAN[®] is not liable for damage as a result of operating an unsupp-orted configuration.



Step1: Press the lever and unlock the CPU socket.

Step2: Lift the CPU protection cap up and lay the CPU into the socket(A), ensuring pin1 is correctly located(B).





Step3: Close the socket cover and press the CPU lever down to secure the CPU.





2.5 - Heat sink Installation

After installing the processor, you should proceed to install the heat sink. The CPU heat sink will ensure that the processor do not overheat and continue to operate at maximum performance for as long as you own them. The overheated processor is dangerous to the motherboard.

For the safest method of installation and information on choosing the appropriate heat sink, using heat sinks validated by Intel[®]. Please refer to Intel^{*®}s website at www.intel.com.

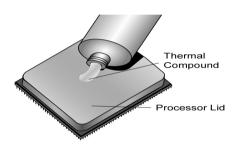
The following diagram illustrates how to install heat sink onto the CPU of S7002.



Place the heat sink on top of the CPU and secure it to the motherboard using four screws clockwise.

2.6 - Thermal Interface Material





There are two types of thermal interface materials designed for use with the processors.

The most common material comes as a small pad attached to the heat sink at the time of purchase. There should be a protective cover over the material. Take care not to touch this material. Simply remove the protective cover and place the heat sink on the processor.

The second type of interface material is usually packaged separately. It is commonly referred to as 'thermal compound'. Simply apply a thin layer on to the CPU lid (applying too much will actually reduce the cooling).

Note:



Always check with the manufacturer of the heat sink & processor to ensure the thermal Interface material is compatible with the processor and meets the manufacturer's warranty requirements.

2.7 - Finishing Installing the Heat sink

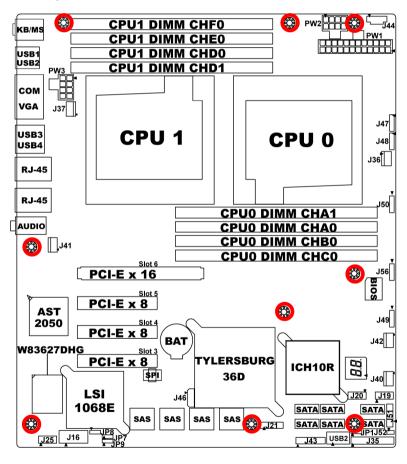
After you have finished installing the heat sink onto the processor and socket, attach the end wire of the fan (which should already be attached to the heat sink) to the motherboard. The following diagram illustrates how to connect fans onto the motherboard.



Once you have finished installing all the fans you can connect your drives (hard drives, CD-ROM drives, etc.) to your motherboard.

2.8 - Tips on Installing Motherboard in Chassis

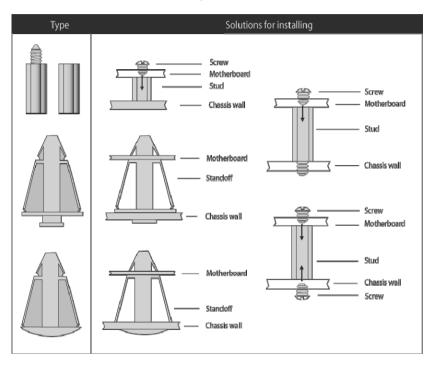
Before installing your motherboard, make sure your chassis has the necessary motherboard support studs installed. These studs are usually metal and are gold in color. Usually, the chassis manufacturer will preinstall the support studs. If you are unsure of stud placement, simply lay the motherboard inside the chassis and align the screw holes of the motherboard to the studs inside the case. If there are any studs missing, you will know right away since the motherboard will not be able to be securely installed.



Some chassis' include plastic studs instead of metal. Although the plastic studs are usable, $\mathsf{TYAN}^{\$}$ recommends using metal studs with screws that will fasten the motherboard more securely in place.

Below is a chart detailing what the most common motherboard studs look like and how they should be installed.



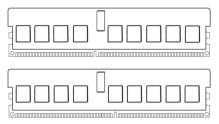


2.9 - Installing the Memory

Before installing memory, ensure that the memory you have is compatible with the motherboard and processor.

Check the TYAN[®] Web site at: www.TYAN.com for details of the type of memory recommended for your motherboard.

The following diagram shows common types of DDR3 memory modules.



- TYAN[®] S7002 series support up to 64GB DDR3 memory.
- DDR3 800/1066/1333 RDIMM, UDIMM are supported.
- All installed memory will automatically be detected and no jumpers or settings need changing.

Note:



- 1). For the DIMM number please refer to the motherboard placement in "2.3 Board Parts, Jumpers and Connectors" for memory installation.
- Refer to the memory population option table for recommended memory installation instruction.

Memory Population Option Table

To achieve the best performance, TYAN® strongly recommended memory installation configuration as listed below:

1. Single CPU installed (CPU0 Only)

Quantity of memory DIMM Slot	1	2	3	4
CPU0 DIMM CHA1				√
CPU0 DIMM CHA0	4	4	√	√
CPU0 DIMM CHB0		4	→	√
CPU0 DIMM CHC0			√	√
CPU1 DIMM CHD1				
CPU1 DIMM CHD0				
CPU1 DIMM CHE0				
CPU1 DIMM CHF0				

2. Single CPU installed (CPU1 Only)

Quantity of memory	1	2	3	4
DIMM Slot	•	_	· ·	-
CPU0 DIMM CHA1				
CPU0 DIMM CHA0				
CPU0 DIMM CHB0				
CPU0 DIMM CHC0				
CPU1 DIMM CHD1				√
CPU1 DIMM CHD0	√	√	✓	4
CPU1 DIMM CHE0		√	✓	√
CPU1 DIMM CHF0			√	√

3. Dual CPU installed (CPU0 & CPU1)

Quantity of memory	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
DIMM Slot								
CPU0 DIMM CHA1							√	√
CPU0 DIMM CHA0	4	✓	1	✓	✓	1	✓	√
CPU0 DIMM CHB0			1	✓	√	1	✓	1
CPU0 DIMM CHC0					4	✓	√	√
CPU1 DIMM CHD1								1
CPU1 DIMM CHD0		√	√	√	1	√	√	1
CPU1 DIMM CHE0				1	√	4	1	4
CPU1 DIMM CHF0						✓	√	4

Note:

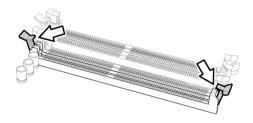


- 1). "√" indicates a populated DIMM slot.
- If installing only one processor, you can choose either CPU0 or CPU1.
- **3).** For **two slots per channel** configuration, it requires population to start with the DIMM slots furthest away from the processor.

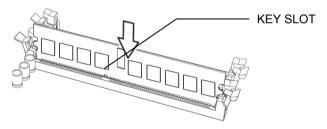
Memory Installation Procedure

Follow these instructions to install memory modules into the S7002.

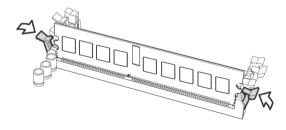
1. Press the locking levers in the direction shown in the following illustration.



2. Align the memory module with the socket. The memory module is keyed to fit only one way in the socket.



3. Seat the module firmly into the socket by gently pressing down until it sits flush with the socket. The locking levers pop up into place.



2.10 - Attaching Drive Cables

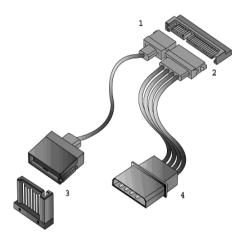
Attaching Serial ATA Cables

S7002 is equipped with **6** Serial ATA (SATA) channels. Connections for the drives are very simple.

There is no need to set Master/Slave jumpers on SATA drives.

If you are in need of SATA/SAS cables or power adapters please contact your place of purchase.

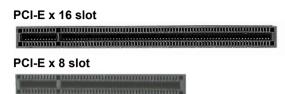
The following pictures illustrate how to connect an SATA drive



- 1. SATA drive cable connection
- 2. SATA drive power connection
- 3. SATA cable motherboard connector
- 4. SATA drive power adapter

2.11 - Installing Add-In Cards

Before installing add-in cards, it's helpful to know if they are fully compatible with your motherboard. For this reason, we've provided the diagrams below, showing the slots that may appear on your motherboard.



Simply find the appropriate slot for your add-in card and insert the card firmly. Do not force any add-in cards into any slots if they do not seat in place. It is better to try another slot or return the faulty card rather than damaging both the motherboard and the add-in card.

TIP: It's good practice to install add-in cards in a staggered manner rather than making them directly adjacent to each other. Doing so allows air to circulate within the chassis more easily, thus improving cooling for all installed devices.



Note:

YOU MUST ALWAYS unplug the power connector to the motherboard before performing system hardware changes to avoid damaging the board or expansion device.

2.12 - Installing I/O Shield

Before you connect external devices, check your motherboard package and take out the I/O shield. Follow the instructions below to install the I/O shield to your rear panel.

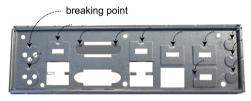
Preparation

Flat-head screw driver x 1 Long nose pliers x 1 Protective gloves x 1 I/O shield x 1



Caution

To avoid the risk of personal injury, always wear gloves when handling the I/O shield. Each optional covered section has a breaking point, which will allow for the safe removal of the cover. Use the pliers to grasp and twist the covers back and forth to reach that breaking point and safely remove that section for use.



Installation

Step 1

Use the screw driver to push open the I/O port cap.

Step 2

Use the pliers to grasp and twist the I/O port cap off the shield.

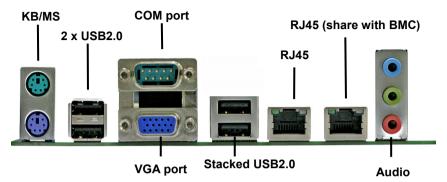
Step 3

Repeat Step 1 and 2 as needed to remove the I/O caps to match your specific SKU's rear I/O configuration and then attach the I/O shield to the rear panel.



2.13 - Connecting External Devices

Your motherboard supports a number of different interfaces through connecting peripherals. See the following diagrams for the details.





Note:

Peripheral devices can be plugged straight into any of these ports but software may be required to complete the installation.

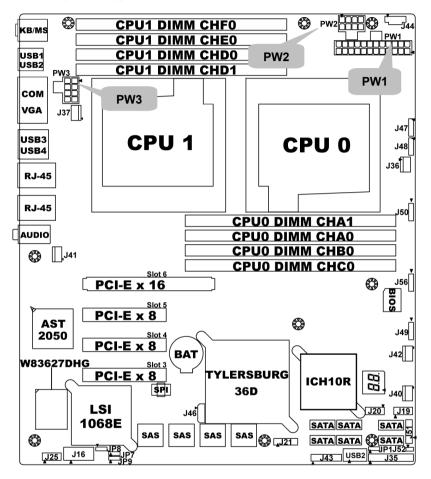
Onboard LAN LED Color Definition

The three onboard Ethernet ports have green and yellow LEDs to indicate LAN status. The chart below illustrates the different LED states.

10/100/1000 Mbps LAN Link/Activity LED Scheme						
LEFT RIGHT		Left LED	Right LED			
40 Mbno Link		Green	Off			
10 Mbps Active		Blinking Green	Off			
100 Mbps	Link	Green	Green			
100 Mbps	Active	Blinking Green	Green			
Link		Green	Yellow			
1000 Mbps Active		Blinking Green	Yellow			
No I	Link	Off	Off			

2.14 - Installing the Power Supply

There are **three** power connectors on your S7002. The S7002 supports EPS-12V/SSI power supplies.



PWR2/3: 8-Pin EPS 12V PWR Connector

	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
	GND	1	5	+12V2
	GND	2	6	+12V2
شاشاشا	GND	3	7	+12V3b
	GND	4	8	+12V3b

PW1: 24-Pin EPS 12V PWR main Connector

	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal
	+3.3V	1	13	+3.3V
	+3.3V	2	14	-12V
	GND	3	15	GND
	+5V	4	16	PS_ON
	GND	5	17	GND
	+5V	6	18	GND
	GND	7	19	GND
	PWRGD	8	20	Reset
	5VSB	9	21	+5V
	+12V	10	22	+5V
	+12V	11	23	+5V
	+3.3V	12	24	GND

We suggest using a 1000W or higher power supply. A 1000W is sufficient for most common system configurations, however a higher wattage solution may be needed if the system is fully loaded. Look to the www.TYAN.com website for further information.



Note:

YOU MUST unplug the power supply before plugging the power cables to motherboard connectors.

2.15 - Finishing Up

Congratulations on making it this far! You're finished setting up the hardware aspects of your computer. Before closing up your chassis, make sure that all cables and wires are connected properly, especially IDE cables and most importantly, jumpers. You may have difficulty powering on your system if the motherboard jumpers are not set correctly. In the rare circumstance that you have experienced difficulty, you can find help by asking your vendor for assistance. If they are not available for assistance, please find setup information and documentation online at our website or by **calling your vendor's support line.**

Chapter 3: BIOS Setup

3.1 - About the BIOS

The BIOS is the basic input/output system, the firmware on the motherboard that enables your hardware to interface with your software. The BIOS determines what a computer can do without accessing programs from a disk. The BIOS contains all the code required to control the keyboard, display screen, disk drives, serial communications, and a number of miscellaneous functions. This chapter describes the various BIOS settings that can be used to configure your system.

The BIOS section of this manual is subject to change without notice and is provided for reference purposes only. The settings and configurations of the BIOS are current at the time of print and are subject to change, and therefore may not match exactly what is displayed on screen.

This section describes the BIOS setup program. The setup program lets you modify basic configuration settings. The settings are then stored in a dedicated, battery-backed memory (called NVRAM) that retains the information even when the power is turned off.

To start the BIOS setup utility:

- 1. Turn on or reboot your system.
- Press during POST (<Tab> on remote console) to start the BIOS setup utility.

3.2 - BIOS Menu Bar

The menu bar at the top of the windows lists these selections:

Main	To configure basic system setups
Advanced	To configure the advanced chipset features
PCI/PnP	To configure legacy Plug & Play or PCI settings
Boot	To configure system boot order
Security	To configure user and supervisor passwords
Chipset	To configure chipset management features
Exit	To exit setup utility

3.3 - Setup Basics

The table below shows how to navigate in the setup program using the

kevboard.

Key	Function
<f1></f1>	General help window
<esc></esc>	Exit current menu
← → arrow keys	Select a different menu
↑ or ↓ arrow keys	Move cursor up/down
<tab> / <shift-tab></shift-tab></tab>	Cycle cursor up/down
<home> / <end></end></home>	Move cursor to top/bottom of the window
<pgup> / <pgdn></pgdn></pgup>	Move cursor to next/previous page
<->	Select the previous value/setting of the field
<+>	Select the next value/setting of the field
<f8></f8>	Load Fail Safe default configuration values of the menu
<f9></f9>	Load the Optimal default configuration values of the
	menu
<f10></f10>	Save and exit
<enter></enter>	Execute command or select submenu

3.4 - Getting Help

Pressing [F1] will display a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window, press [ESC].

3.5 - In Case of Problems

If you have trouble booting your computer after making and saving the changes with the BIOS setup program, you can restart the computer by holding the power button down until the computer shuts off (usually within 4 seconds); resetting by pressing CTRL-ALT-DEL; or clearing the CMOS. The best advice is to only alter settings that you thoroughly understand. In particular, do not change settings in the Chipset section unless you are absolutely sure of what you are doing. The Chipset defaults have been carefully chosen either by TYAN® or your system manufacturer for best performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the Chipset setup options may cause the system to become unstable or unusable.

Note:



The following pages provide the details of BIOS menu. Please be noticed that the BIOS menu are continually changing due to the BIOS updating. The BIOS menu provided are the most updated when this manual is written. Please visit TYAN®; s website at http://www.TYAN.com for the information of BIOS updating.

3.6 - BIOS Main Menu

The Main BIOS Menu is the first screen that you can navigate. The Main BIOS setup menu screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. "Grayed-out" options cannot be configured, options in blue can be changed.

The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often, a text message will accompany it.

	BIOS Setup Utility							
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Secu	rity	Chipset	Exit	
System Ov	erview				Haa	(ENTED)	IT A D	
	: vx.xx : DD/MM/YY : xxxx_xxx				[SH field Use	[ENTER] IFT-TAB] t [+] or figure syste	o seled	ct a
	tel (R) CPU @ : xxxx MHz : x	xxxx@ x.xx	GHz					
0.20	: xxxx MB	FI II I A A A A	001		↑ ↓ Ente	Select Set Select Ite Select Ite Ser Go to Su General	m ıb Scre	en
System Tin System Da		[HH:MM: [MM:DD:			F10	Save and Exit		

Feature	Option	Description
Main		
System Time	HH:MM:SS	Set the system time
System Date	MM : DD : YYYY	Set the system date

3.7 - BIOS Advanced Menu

You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as Super I/O Configuration, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display an Advanced BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Advanced BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Advanced BIOS Setup screen is shown below. The sub menus are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility							
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Sec	urity	Chipset	Exit
Advanced	d Settings						
					Conf	igure CPU	
WARING:	Setting wrong	values in be	low secti	ons			
	may cause sys	stem to malfu	unction.				
IDE Cou Super IG USB Co ACPI C AHCI C Hardwa IPMI 2.0 Intel VT PCI Exp Remote	onfiguration Infiguration Configuration Onfiguration Onfiguration Onfiguration The Health Configuration Onfiguration The Configuration The	iguration n ation guration onfiguration			↑↓ Se Ente F1 F10	Select Screelect Item r Go to Sub General He Save and E Exit	Screen

Feature	Option	Description
Advanced Settings		
CPU Configuration	Menu Item	Configure CPU
IDE Configuration	Menu Item	Configure the IDE device(s)
Super IO Configuration	Menu Item	Configures Super IO Chipset Win627DHG
USB Configuration	Menu Item	Configure the USB support
ACPI Configuration	Menu Item	Section for Advanced ACPI Configuration
AHCI Configuration	Menu Item	Section for AHCI Configuration
Hardware Health Configuration	Menu Item	Configure/monitor the Hardware Health
IPMI 2.0 Configuration	Menu Item	IPMI configuration including server monitoring and event log
Intel VT-d Configuration	Menu Item	Configure Intel [®] Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O (VT-d) support
PCI Express Configuration	Menu Item	Configure PCI Express Support

Feature	Option	Description		
Advanced Settings				
Remote Access	Menu Item	Configure Remote Access		
Configuration	IVICIIU ILCIII	Configure Remote Access		
Trusted Computing	Menu Item	Configure settings related to		
Configuration	Menu item	Trusted Computing Information		
On board Devices	Menu Item	Onboard Devices and PCI		
Configuration	Menu item	Add-On cards Enable/Disable		

3.7.1 - CPU Configuration

You can use this screen to view CPU Configuration Menu. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility					
Main Advanced	Security	y Chipset	Exit		
Configure advanced Cl Module Version: XX.X		Sets the ratio between CPU Core Clock and			
Manufacturer: Intel Genuine Intel(R) CPU Frequency:xxxGHz BCLK Speed:xxxMHz Cache L1: xxxKB Cache L2:XXXXKB Ratio Status: Unlocked Ratio Actual Value:18	@ xxxx @			the FSB Fred	
C1E Support Hardware Prefetcher Adjacent Cache Line Pre Max CPUID Value Limit Intel(R) Virtualization Te Execute-Disable Bit Cap Intel(R) HT Technology Active Processor Cores A20M Intel® SpeedStep TM Tech Intel® TurboMode Tech Intel® C-STATE Tech C State package limit se C1 Auto Demotion C3 Auto Demotion	ch ability	[Enable [Enable [Enable [Enable [Enable [Enable [Enable [Enable [Auto] [Enable	d] d] ed] d] d] d] d] d] ed] ed]	← → Select ter †↓ Select Iter +/- Change F1 Genera F10 Save a ESC Exit	n Option Il Help

Feature	Option	Description			
CPU Configuration	Option	Description			
Manufacturer					
Frequency					
BCLK Speed					
Cache L1	Read only	Displays information about CPU			
Cache L2	,				
Ratio Status					
Ratio Actual Value					
	Enabled	This should be enabled in order to			
C1E Support	Disabled	enable or disable the "Enhanced			
	Disabled	Halt State"			
Hardware Prefetcher	Enabled	For UP platforms, leave it enabled. For DP/MP severs, it may use to			
riaraware r refetorer	Disabled	time performance to the specific application.			
	Enabled	For UP platforms, leave it enabled.			
Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch	Disabled	For DP/MP severs, it may use to time performance to the specific application.			
Max CPUID Value	Enabled	Disabled for Windows XP			
Limit	Disabled	2.000.00 10. 11001.0 / 1.			
	Enabled	When enabled, a VMM can utilize			
Intel (R) Virtualization Tech	Disabled	the additional HW Caps. Provided by Intel(R) Virtualization Tech. Note: A full reset is required to change the setting.			
Execute-Disable Bit	Enabled	When disabled, force the XD feature			
Capability	Disabled	flag to always return 0.			
Intel (R) HT	Enabled	When 'Disabled' only one thread per			
Technology	Disabled	enabled core is enabled.			
Active Processor Cores	[AII]	Number of cores to enable in each processor package.			
A20M	Disabled	Legacy OSes and APs may need			
	Enabled	A20M enabled.			
Intel [®] SpeedStep [™]	Enabled	Enable (GV3)			
Tech	Disabled	Disable (GV3)			
Intel [®] TurboMode	Enabled	Turbo mode allows processor cores			
Tech	Disabled	to run faster than marked frequency in specific condition.			
Intel® C-STATE Tech	Enabled	C-State: CPU idle is set to			
intel C-STATE Tech	Disabled	C2/C3/C4			

Feature	Option	Description				
	Auto					
C State package limit	C1	Selected option will program into C state				
setting	C3	package limit register.				
setting	C6	package iiriit register.				
	C7					
	Enabled	When enabled, CPU will conditionally				
C1 Auto Demotion	5	demote C3/C6/C7 requests to C1 based				
	Disabled	on uncore auto-demote information.				
	Enabled	When enabled, CPU will conditionally				
C3 Auto Demotion		demote C6/C7 requests to C3 based on				
	Disabled	uncore auto-demote information.				

3.7.2 - IDE Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to select options for the IDE Configuration Settings. Use the up and down <Arrow> Keys to select an item. Use the <Plus> and <Minus> Keys to change the value of the selection options.

BIOS Setup Utility						
Main Advanced	PCI/PnP Boot	Security Chipset Exit				
IDE Configuration		Options				
SATA#1 Configuration Configure SATA#1 a	[Compa as [IDE]	Disabled Compatible Enhanced				
Primary IDE Master Primary IDE Slave Secondary IDE Mast Secondary IDE Slave Third IDE Master		tected] tected] tected] tected] tected]				
▶ Fourth IDE Master	[Not De	tected] $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Select Screen $\uparrow \downarrow$ Select Item +/- Change Option				
Hard Disk Write Protect IDE Detect Time Out (S		F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit				

Feature	Option	Description				
IDE Configuration						
SATA	Disabled					
Configuration	Compatible	Configure SATA devices				
	Enhanced					
Configure CATA	IDE	Soloot logger IDE BAID or AUCL as				
Configure SATA as	RAID	Select legacy IDE, RAID or AHCI as the SATA interface.				
as	AHCI	the SATA interface.				
Hard Disk Write	Disabled	Enable/Disable device write protection. This will be effective only				
Protect	Enabled	if device is accessed through BIOS.				
IDE Detect Time Out (Sec)	0~35 (at 5 interval)	Select the time out value for detecting ATA/ATAPI device(s).				

3.7.3 - Super I/O Configuration Sub- Menu

You can use this screen to select options for the Super I/O settings. Use the up and down arrow ($\,$ / $\,$) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option.

Main Advanced	BIOS : PCI/PnP	Setup Uti Boot	,	urity	Chipset	Exit
Configure Win627DHG	Super IO C	hipset			s BIOS to S I Port1 Base	
Serial Port1 Address Serial Port2 Address Watchdog Mode Chassis intrusion detection	[2F8 [Dis	8/IRQ4] 8/IRQ3] abled] abled]		← → ↑↓ Se +/- F1	Select Screelect Item Change Op General He Save and E	tion elp

Feature	Option	Description				
Configure Win627 Super I/O Chipset						
	3F8 IRQ4					
Serial Port1	3E8 IRQ4	Allow BIOS to select Serial Port1 Base				
Address	2E8 IRQ3	Addresses.				
	Disabled					
	3F8 IRQ4					
Serial Port2	3E8 IRQ4	Allow BIOS to select Serial Port2 Base				
Address	2E8 IRQ3	Addresses.				
	2F8 IRQ3	Addresses.				
	Disabled					
Chassis Intrusion	Disabled	Enable/Disable the function of chassis intrusion detection. When chassis open				
Detect	Enabled	event is detected, BIOS will record the event and issue a warning Beep.				
	Disabled	POST: BIOS POST Watchdog timer				
Watchdog Mode	POST	counting, start at PowerOn stop at OS boot.				
	OS	OS: OS boot watchdog, start at OS boot.				
	Power ON	PowerOn: Start at PowerOn				

3.7.4 - USB Configuration Sub- Menu

You can use this screen to view the USB Configuration Menu. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/\downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility						
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
USB Con	nfiguration				Franklas sum	
Module Version – X.XX.X-XX.X USB Devices Enabled: None					Enables sup legacy USB. option disab legacy suppo USB devices	AUTO les ort if no
USB 2.0 C BIOS EHC	SB Support Controller Mode CI Hand-Off SB FDD Suppo	: [H]	nabled] liSpeed] nabled] uto]		connected. ← → Select ↑↓ Select Ite	m
▶ USB Ma	ass Storage De	vice Config	uration			e Option al Help and Exit

Feature	Option	Description
USB Configuration		
	Disabled	Enables support for legacy
Legacy USB Support	Enabled	USB.AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB
	AUTO	devices are connected.
USB 2.0 Controller Mode	Hi Speed	Configure the USB 2.0 controller in Hi Speed (480Mbps) or Full
USB 2.0 Controller Wode	Full Speed	Speed (12Mbps).
BIOS EHCI Hand-Off	Enabled	This is a work around for OSes without EHCl hand-off support.
BIOS EHCI Hand-Oif	Disabled	The EHCI ownership change should claim by EHCI driver.
	Disabled	Enable or disable hotplug USB floppy support. A dummy FDD
Hotplug USB FDD Support	Enabled	device is created that will be associated with the hotplugged FDD later. AUTO option creates
	AUTO	this dummy device only if there is no USB FDD present.

3.7.4.1 – USB Mass Storage Device Configuration Sub-Menu

M ain A	dvanced	BIOS S PCI/PnP	Setup Util Boot	ity Secu	rity	Chipset	Exit
USB Mass St USB Mass St Delay Device #1 Emulation	t orage Dev i	ice Configu t [20 Se	ration		Num POS mas: after ← – ↑↓ S +/- Tab F1 F10	chipset aber of seco is waits for s storage de start unit co Select Scr elect Item Change O Select Fie General H Save and Exit	nds the USB evice ommand een ption ld elp

Feature	Option	Description
USB Mass Storage Dev	rice Configuration	ı
	10 Sec	Number of seconds POST waits for
USB Mass Storage	20 Sec	the USB mass storage device after
Reset Delay	30 Sec	the start unit command
	40 Sec	and start anne sommand
Device #1	Read only	
	Auto	If Auto, USB devices less than 530
	Floppy	MB will be emulated as Floppy and
Emulation Type	Forced FDD	remaining as hard drive. Forced FDD option can be used to force a
	Hard Disk	HDD formatted drive to boot as FDD (Ex. ZIP drive).
	CDROM	(LX. ZIF UIIVE).

3.7.5 - ACPI Configuration Sub-Menu

Use this screen to select options for ACPI. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/ψ) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. A description of the selected item appears on the right side of the screen. The settings are described on this page. The screen is shown below.

BIOS Setup Utility					
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset Exit
ACPI Set	tings				dvanced ACPI onfiguration settings
				C	se this selection to onfigure additional CPI options.
	ed ACPI Confi t ACPI Configu	0		† + F	- → Select Screen ↓ Select Item /- Change Option 1 General Help 10 Save and Exit SC Exit

3.7.5.1 - Advanced ACPI Configuration sub-menu

	BIOS Setup Utility							
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Secu	rity	Chipset	Exit	
Advance	Advanced ACPI Configuration					Enable RSDP pointers		
		En En	CPI v3.0] labled] labled] sabled]		to 6 Des	4-bit Fixed S scription Tab PI version ha	System les. Di	
					↑↓ S +/- F1 F10	→ Select Scr Select Item Change O General H Save and C Exit	ption lelp	

Feature	Option	Description
Advanced ACPI Configuration		
	ACPI v1.0	
ACPI Version Features	ACPI v2.0	Choose ACPI version
	ACPI v3.0	
ACDI ADIC Support	Disabled	Include ACPI APIC table
ACPI APIC Support	Enabled	pointer to RSDT pointer list.
AMI OEMB table	Disabled	Include OEMB table pointer
AIVII OEIVIB lable	Enabled	to R(X) SDT pointer lists.
Headless mode	Disabled	Enable/Disable Headless
neauless mode	Enabled	operation mode through ACPI.

3.7.5.2 - Chipset ACPI Configuration sub-menu

BIOS Setup Utility						
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Securit	y Chipset	Exit
Chipset ACPI Configuration						
APIC ACF	ake Feature PI SCI IRQ ormance Event mory Address	Timer	[Disable [Disable [Enabled [FED000	d] d]	← → Select S ↑↓ Select Item +/- Change F1 General F10 Save ar ESC Exit	n Option I Help

Feature	Option	Description			
Chipset ACPI Configuration					
Energy Lake Feature	Disabled	Allow you to configure Intel's Energy Lake power management technology. If you are running a Media Center you can install the Intel VIIV software to get the correct driver; otherwise disable the Energy Lake			
	Enabled	feature in BIOS (it relates purely to Intel's Quick Resume feature, which is generally useless).			
APIC ACPI SCI IRQ	Disabled	Enable/Disable APIC ACPI			
APIC ACPI SCI IRQ	Enabled	SCI IRQ.			
USB Device Wakeup from S3/S4	Disabled	Enable/Disable USB Device			
33/34	Enabled	Wakeup From S3/S4.			
High Performance Event	Disabled	Enable/Disable High			
Timer	Enabled	Performance Event Timer			

Feature	Option	Description	
	FED00000h		
LIDET Mamon, Address	FED01000h	Choose HPET Memory	
HPET Memory Address	FED02000h	Address	
	FED03000h		

3.7.6 - AHCI Configuration Sub- Menu

You can use this screen to view the AHCI Configuration Menu. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/\downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility						
Main Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Securi	ty Ch	nipset	Exit
AHCI Settings				-	6	
AHCI BIOS Support AHCI CD/DVD Boot Tim	Enab e out [35]	-		Enables	tor sup	porting
AHCI Port0 [Not De AHCI Port1 [Not De AHCI Port2 [Not De AHCI Port3 [Not De AHCI Port4 [Not De AHCI Port5 [Not De	tected] tected] tected] tected]			F1 Ge	et Item nange O eneral H eve and	ption elp

Feature	Option	Description
AHCI Configuration		
AHCI BIOS Support	Disabled	Enable for supporting AHCI.
And Blos Support	Enabled	
	0	
	5	
	10	Some SATA CD/DVD in
AHCI CD/DVD Boot Time	15	AHCI mode need to wait
out	20	ready longer.
	25	ready longer.
	30	
	35	

3.7.6.1 - AHCI Port Sub- Menu

BIOS Setup Utility							
Main Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Secu	ity Ch	nipset Exit		
AHCI PORT X				0-14	41 4	- 6	
Device : Not Detected	Device : Not Detected				Select the type of device connected to the		
SATA Port X S.M.A.R.T.	[AUTO] [Enabled]			system.	officeted to the	ic	
				↑↓ Selec +/- Ch F1 Ge	ange Option eneral Help ve and Exit		

Feature	Option	Description
AHCI Port X		
SATA Port X	AUTO	Select the type of device
SATA POR X	Not Installed	connected to the system.
SMART	Disabled	S.M.A.R.T. stands for Self-
S.IVI.A.R. I	Enabled	Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology.

3.7.7 - Hardware Health Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to view the Hardware Health Configuration Settings. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

	BIOS Setup Utility						
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit	
Hardware	Health Configu	uration					
Auto FAN	H/W Health Function [Enabled] Auto FAN Control [Disabled] PWM Minimal Duty Cycle [50% Duty Cycle]			Cycle]	Enables Hardware Health Monitoring Device.		
Hardware	Hardware Health Event Monitoring						
▶ Sensor Data Register Monitoring				← → Select ↑↓ Select Ite +/- Chang Tab Select F1 Genera F10 Save a ESC Exit	m e Option Field al Help		

Feature Option		Description		
Hardware Health Configurati	on			
Auto FAN Control	Disabled	FAN power duty cycle is auto dynamic programmed in selected temperature range. Disabled: Fan Power On		
	Enabled	Enabled: Fan Power Duty Cycle is controlled by Tcontrol.		
	50% Duty			
	Cycle	Duty Cycle control range:		
	40% Duty	50%-100%		
PWM Minimal Duty Cycle	Cycle	40%-100%		
	30% Duty	30%-100%		
	Cycle	0%-100%		
	0% Duty Cycle			

3.7.7.1 Sensor Data Register Monitoring Sub-Menu

BIOS Setup Utility					
Main Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
CPU0 Below Tmax CPU1 Below Tmax IOH Temp ICH Temp CPU0 VCORE CPU1 VCORE 3.3V +12V VBAT CPU FAN0 CPU FAN1 FAN1 FAN2 FAN3 FAN4 FAN5 FAN6 FAN7 FAN8 FAN9 FAN9	: xx°C : xx°C : xx°C : xx°C : xx°C : xxxx : x.xxx : x.xxx : x.xxx : x.xxx : xxxx	V V V VV RPM RPM RPM RPM RPM RPM RPM RPM RPM RPM	/ - - -	← → Select S ↑↓ Select Item +/- Change Tab Select F F1 General F10 Save an ESC Exit	Option ield Help

Read only. It can not be modified in user mode.

3.7.8 IPMI 2.0 Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to view the IPMI 2.0 Configuration Settings. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/ψ) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility						
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
IPMI 2.0	Configuration					
Clear BM0 • Set LAN • Set PEF BMC Wate	BMC MC System Eve C System Event N Configuration Configuration Ch Dog Timer At t LED and Beep	ction	Working [Disable [Off]	•	← → Sele Screen ↑↓ Select +/- Cha Option Tab Sele F1 Gen F10 Sav Exit ESC Exit	Item nge ect Field eral Help e and

Feature	Option	Description
IPMI 2.0 Configu	ration	
Status of BMC	Read only	Display BMC status
Clear BMC System Event Log	[Enter]	Clear all events in BMC System Event Log.
	Disabled	
BMC Watch Dog Timer	Reset System	Allows the BMC to reset or power down the system if the operating system crashes or
Action	Power Down	hangs.
	Power Cycle	
BMC Alert LED	Off	BMC Alert LED and Beep On/Off
and Beep	On	BINIC AIGHT ELD AND BEEP ON/OH

3.7.8.1 View BMC System Event Log Sub-Menu

	BIOS Setup Utility				
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset Exit
Total Nun	Total Number of Entries: 260				Use +/- to traverse the
Event Sen	rd ID rd Type estamp ID ssage Format Volsor Type lsor Number Type	MM xxxx (l xx (' xx	(System DD, YYY	Y HH:MM:S	event log.

Read only. It can not be modified in user mode.

3.7.8.2 Set PEF Configuration Sub-Menu

		BIOS S	Setup Utili	ty			
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Securi	ty	Chipset	Exit
Set PEF C	onfiguration P	arameters C	ommand		Enal Supp	ole or Disal port	ole PEF
PEF Suppo	ort	כ	Disabled]		↑↓ S +/- Tab F1 F10	Select So elect Item Change (Select Fie General I Save and Exit	Option eld Help

Feature	Option	Description		
Set PEF Configuration Parameters Command				
PEF Support	Disabled	Enable or Disable PEF Support		
FLE Support	Enabled	Litable of Disable FLI Support		

3.7.8.3 LAN Configuration Sub-Menu

Main Advanced	BIOS Setup Utility PCI/PnP Boot Security	Chipset Exit
LAN Configuration		Enter channel number
Channel Number Channel Number Status	[1] Channel number is OK	for SET LAN config. command. Proper value below
IP Address Configuration IPMI DHCP Current IP Address in BMC	[DHCP] xxx.xxx.xxx	16. ← → Select Screen
Current MAC Address in BMC	xxx.xxx.xxx	↑↓ Select Item +/- Change Option Tab Select Field
Subnet Mask Configuration Subnet Mask Current Subnet Mask in BMC	[xxx.xxx.xxx] [xxx.xxx.xxx]	F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Feature	Option	Description
LAN Configuration		
Channel Number	[Enter]	Enter channel number for SET LAN config. Command. Proper value below 16.
Channel Number Status	Read only	Channel Number is OK.
IPMI DHCP	DHCP	IPMLIP Source STATIC/DHCP
I IFIVII DHCF	STATIC	IFIMITE Source STATIC/DITCE
Current IP Address in BMC	Read only	
Current MAC Address in BMC	Read only	
Subnet Mask	[xxx.xxx.xxx]	Enter Subnet Mask in decimal in the form of xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx. (xxx less than 256 and in decimal only)
Current Subnet Mask in BMC	Read only	

3.7.9 Intel VT-d Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to view the Intel VT-d Configuration Settings. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/\downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility					
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset Exit
Intel VT-d Co	onfiguration				Options
Intel VT-d		[Ena	abled]		Enabled Disabled
					← → Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +/- Change Option Tab Select Field F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Feature	Option	Description
Intel VT-d Configuration	1	
Intel VT-d	Enabled	Enable or disable Intel [®] Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O (VT-d) support. VT-d support on Intel platforms provides the
inter v 1-u	Disabled	capability to ensure improved isolation of I/O resources for greater reliability, security, and availability.

3.7.10 - PCI Express Configuration Sub-Menu

	BIOS Setup Utility					
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
PCI Expr	ess Configura	Enable/Disab PCI Express				
Active Sta	ite Power-Man	agement	[Disabl	led]	L1 link power	
					← → Select S ↑↓ Select Iten +/- Change F1 Genera F10 Save an ESC Exit	n e Option Il Help

Feature	Option	Description
PCI Express Configuration		
Active State Power-	Disabled	Enables/Disable PCI Express
Management	Enabled	L0s and L1 link power states.

3.7.11 - Remote Access Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to view the Remote Access Configuration Menu. This feature allows access to the Server remotely via serial port. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility				
Main Advanced PC	CI/PnP Boot S	Security Chipset Exit		
Configure Remote Access	Select Remote Access type.			
Remote Access	[Disabled]	← → Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item		
Serial Port Number Base Address, IRQ Serial Port Mode Flow Control Redirection After BIOS POST Terminal Type VT-UTF8 Combo Key Suppor	[ANSI] rt [Enabled]	+/- Change Option F1 General Help		

Feature	Option	Description	
Configure Remote Access ty	ype and parame	ters	
Damata Assass	Enabled	Enables remote access to system	
Remote Access	Disabled	through serial port.	
NOTE: The items listed below	will appear wher	n Remote Access is set to [Enabled].	
Serial Port Number	COM1	Select Serial Port for console redirection. Make sure the selected	
Serial Fort Number	COM2	port is enabled.	
Base Address, IRQ	Read only		
	115200 8,n,1		
	57600 8,n,1		
Serial Port Mode	38400 8, n, 1	Select Serial Port settings.	
	19200 8,n,1		
	9600 8,n,1		
	None		
Flow Control	Hardware	Select Flow Control for console	
Flow Control	Software	redirection.	
	Option		
	Disabled	Disable: Turns off the redirection after POST	
	Boot Loader	Boot Loader:	
Redirection After BIOS POST	Always	Redirection is active during POST and during Boot Loader. Always: Redirection is always active. <some always="" if="" may="" not="" oss="" set="" to="" work=""></some>	
Torminal Type	ANSI		
Terminal Type	VT100	Select the target terminal type.	
	VT-UTF8		
VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support	Enabled	Enable VT-UTF8 Combination key	
	Disabled	Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.	
Sredir Memory Display Delay	No Delay		
	Delay 1 Sec	Gives the delay in seconds to display	
	Delay 2 Sec	memory information	
	Delay 4 Sec	1	

3.7.12 - On board Devices Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to view the Trusted Computing Configuration Menu. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/\downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

E Main Advanced PCI/F	BIOS Setup Utility PnP Boot Sec	curity Chipset Exit	
Trusted Computing	Enable/Disable TPM TCG (TPM 1.1/1.2) support		
TCG/TPM Support	[No]	in BIOS	
Execute TPM Command Clearing the TPM TPM Enable/Disable Status TPM Owner Status	[Don't Change] [Press Enter] [Disabled] [Unowned]	← → Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +/- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit	

Feature	Option	Description			
Trusted Computing	Trusted Computing				
TCG/TPM Support	No	Enable/Disable TPM TCG (TPM 1.1/1.2) support in			
TOG/TEN/Support	Yes	BIOS			
NOTE: The items listed below will appear when TCG/TPM Support is set to [Yes].					
Execute TPM Command	Don't Change	E 11 (A (; 1) / B; 11			
	Disabled	Enable (Activate) / Disable (Deactivate) command to TPM			
	Enabled	(
Clearing the TPM	[Press Enter] See dialog box below	Select [OK] to clear the TPM or [Cancel] to exit.			
TPM Enable/Disable Status	read only	Report TPM Enable/Disable status			
TPM Owner Status	read only	Report TPM Owner status			

Clearing the TPM is the process of returning the TPM to factory defaults. It is possible the platform owner will change when in this state.

Are you sure you want to clear it?

OK

Cancel

3.7.13 - On board Devices Configuration Sub-Menu

You can use this screen to view the Onboard Devices Configuration Menu. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/\downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

BIOS Setup Utility Main Advanced PCI/PnP Boot Security Chipset Exit				Exit		
				Т.	ty Chipset Select Remote	
Onboard Device and PCI Slots Configuration			'11	type.	7100000	
Boots Graphic Adapter Priority [Auto] Marvell Chip [Enabled]		ed]				
Lan2	OP-ROM OP-ROM		[Auto] [Disabl [Auto] [Disabl	led]	← → Select So	Option Help

Feature	Option	Description	
Onboard Device and PCI Slots Configuration			
Doots Crankin Adouter	Auto	Select which graphics controller	
Boots Graphic Adapter Priority	Onboard	to use as the primary boot	
Thority	VGA	device.	
Marvell Chip	Enabled	Enable/Disable onboard VGA chip.	
	Disabled	Note: Do not disable if you have not other VGA card attachment.	
	Auto		
Lan1	Enabled	Enable/disable Lan controller	
	Disabled		
Lan1 OP-ROM	Enabled	_ , ,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Disabled	Executed Lan OPROM or Not	
Lan2	Auto		
	Enabled	Enable/disable Lan controller	
	Disabled		
Lan2 OP-ROM	Enabled	Executed Lan OPROM or Not	
Lanz OP-ROW	Disabled	Executed Latt OPROW of Not	

3.8 - PCI PnP Menu

	BIOS Setup Utility					
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
Advanced PCI/PnP Settings				Clear NVRAN System Boot.	•	
WARING: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction.						
Clear NVR/ Plug & Play PCI Latenc Allocate IR/ Palette Sno PCI IDE Bu	O/S y Timer Q to PCI VGA		[No] [No] [64] [Yes] [Disable [Enable	-	← → Select S ↑↓ Select Iten +/- Change F1 Genera F10 Save an ESC Exit	n e Option I Help

Feature	Option	Description
Advanced PCI/PnP Setting	gs	
Clear NVRAM	No	Clears NVRAM during system
Clear INVICATIVI	Yes	Boot.
Plus & Plan 00	Yes	No: lets the BIOS configure all the devices in the system. Yes: lets the operating system
Plug & Play OS	No	 configure Plug and Play (PnP) devices not required for boot if your system has a Plug and Play operating system.
	32	This setting controls how many
	64	PCI clocks each PCI device can
	96	hold the bus before another PCI device takes over. When set to
PCI Latency Timer	128	higher values, every PCI device
FCI Latericy Times	160	can conduct transactions for a
	192	longer time and thus improve the effective PCI bandwidth.
	224	Values in units of PCI clocks for
	248	PCI device latency timer register.

Feature	Option	Description		
Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA	Yes	Yes: assigns IRQ to PCI VGA		
Allocate INQ to FCI VGA	No	card if card requests IRQ.		
Palette Snooping	Disabled	This is the default setting and should not be changed unless the VGA card manufacturer requires Palette Snooping to be Enabled.		
raiette Shooping	Enabled	Enabled: informs the PCI devices that an ISA graphics device is installed in the system so the card will function correctly.		
	Disabled	Enabled: BIOS uses PCI bus		
PCI IDE BusMaster	Enabled	mastering for reading / writing to		
	Reserved	IDE drives.		

3.9 - Boot Menu

You can display Boot Setup option by highlighting it using the Arrow (\uparrow/ψ) keys and pressing Enter. The settings are described on the following pages.

	BIOS Setup Utility						
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Sec	curity	Chipset	Exit
Boot Set	tings					igures settin	9
▶ Boot D	ettings Config evice Priority iisk Drives	uration			← → ↑↓ Se Enter	g System Bo Select Screelect Item r Go to Sub General He Save and E Exit	en Screen Ip

3.9.1 - Boot Settings Configuration Sub-Menu

Use this screen to select options for the Boot Settings Configuration. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option.

	BIOS	S Setup Util	ity			
Main Advanc	ed PCI/PnP	Boot	Securi	ity	Chipset	Exit
Boot Settings Co	nfiguration					
Quick Boot Quiet Boot Add On ROM Disp Boot up Num-Lock PS/2 Mouse Suppor Wait for 'F1' if Erro Hit 'DEL' Message Interrupt 19 Captul	ort r Display	[Disabled] [Disabled] [Force BIC [On] [Auto] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]		certa booti decre need syste	vs BIOS to ain tests wing. This tease the to ded to boo em.	hile will will ime t the
Endless Boot		[Disabled]		↑↓ Se +/- F1 F10	elect Item Change	Option Help

Feature	Option	Description
Boot Settings Configu	ration	
Quick Boot	Enabled	This option allows user bypass
QUICK BOOL	Disabled	BIOS self test during POST.
Quiet Boot	Disabled	Disabled: displays normal POST messages.
Quiet Boot	Enabled	Enabled: displays OEM log instead of POST messages.
Add On ROM Display	Force BIOS	Allows user to force BIOS/Option ROM of add-on cards to be
Mode	Keep Current	displayed during quiet boot.
Boot up Num-Lock	On	Selects Power-on state for
Boot up Nulli-Lock	Off	Numlock.
	Enabled	
PS/2 Mouse Support	Disabled	Selects support for PS/2 Mouse.
	Auto	
Wait for 'F1' If Error	Enabled	Waits for F1 key to be present if
Waltion I I II Ellor	Disabled	error occurs.
Hit 'DEL' Message	Enabled	Displays "Press DEL to run Setup"
Display	Disabled	in POST.
PXE feature	Enabled	Enable/Disable PXE Oprm Scan
FAL ICALUIC	Disabled	Litable/Disable FAE Optili Scall
Interrupt 19 Capture	Enabled	Enabled: allows option ROMs to
interrupt 10 Gapture	Disabled	trap interrupt 19.
Endless Boot	Disabled	Enable/Disable endless loop boot
2	Enabled	from BBS table.

3.9.2 - Boot Device Priority

Use this screen to select options for the Boot Device Priority. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow/\downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option.

Main	Advanced	BIOS PCI/PnP	Setup Util Boot	ity Securit	y Chipset Exit
Boot Dev	vice Priority				Specifies the boot sequence from the available devices.
1st Boot I 2nd Boot 3rd Boot	Device	j	xx,xxx-xx; xx,xxx-xx; xx,xxx-xx;	(xx:xxx	A device enclosed in parenthesis has been disabled in the corresponding type menu.
					← → Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +/- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Feature	Option	Description
Boot Device Priorit	у	
1st Boot Device	xx,xxx-xxxxx:xxx	Settings for boot priority. These can be
2nd Boot Device 3rd Boot Device	XX,XXX-XXXXX:XXX	customized depending
014 2001 201100	Disabled	on your preference.

3.9.3 - Hard Disk Drives

Use this screen to select options for the Hard Disk Drives. Use the up and down arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys to select an item. Use the Plus and Minus (+/-) keys to change the value of the selected option.

		BIOS	Setup Util	ity		
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
Hard Disk [Orives				Specifies to	
1st Drive		[x:	xxxxxxx]		available d	
						tem nge Option eral Help

Feature	Option	Description	
Hard Disk Drives			
1st Drive	xx,xxx-xxxxx:xxx	Specifies the boot sequence from the available	
	Disabled	devices.	

3.10 - Security Menu

The system can be configured so that all users must enter a password every time the system boots or when BIOS Setup is entered, using either the Supervisor password or User password. The Supervisor and User passwords activate two different levels of password security. If you select password support, you are prompted for a one to six character password. Type the password on the keyboard. The password does not appear on the screen when typed. Make sure you write it down. If you forget it, you must clear CMOS and reconfigure.

		BIOS	Setup Ut	tility		
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
Security S	Settings					
	Supervisor Password : Not Installed User Password : Not Installed				Install or change the password.	
	Change Supervisor Password Change User Password				← → Sele ↑↓ Select +/- Cha	
Boot Sect	or Virus Prote	ction	[Disable	ed]		eral Help

Feature	Option	Description
Security Settings		
Supervisor Password:	Not Installed	If the password has been set, Installed displays. If no
Supervisor Password.	Installed	password is set, Not Installed displays.
User Password:	Not Installed	If the password has been set, Installed displays. If no
Osei Password.	Installed	password is set, Not Installed displays.
Change Supervisor Password	_	Selects this option to change or install Supervisor Password.
Change User Password	_	Selects this option to change or install User Password.
Boot Sector Virus	Disabled	When it is set to [Enabled], BIOS will issue a virus warning
Protection	Enabled	 message and beep if a write to the boot sector or the partition table of the HDD is attempted.

3.11 - Chipset Menu

This menu allows the user to customize functions of the Intel Chipsets. Select a menu by highlighting it using the Arrow (\uparrow/ψ) keys and pressing Enter. The settings are described on the following pages.

Main	Advanced		Setup U Boot	,	urity	Chipset	Exit
Advanced Chipset Settings WARNING: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction. Configure CPU Bridge features.							
North	bridge Config bridge Config bridge Config	uration			↑↓ Se Ente F1	Select Scree elect Item r Go to Sub S General Hel Save and E Exit	Screen p

3.11.1 - CPU Bridge Configuration Sub- Menu

	BIOS Setup U			
Main Advanced F	PCI/PnP Boot	Security		Exit
CPU Bridge Chipset Cor		Transition the I		
CPU Revision :B0 Current QPI Frequency :x.xxxGT Current Memory Frequency : xxxxMHz			the specified sp when transitior links to full-spe supported by a	ning the ed.(if
QPI Frequency	[Auto]		components)	
Memory Frequency Memory Mode Demand Scrubbing Patrol Scrubbing Throttling-Closed Loop Hyster temp Guardhand temp Inlet temp Temp Rise Air Flow Altitude DIMM Pitch Throttling-Open Loop Inlet temp Temp Rise Air Flow Altitude DIMM Pitch Throttling-Open Loop Inlet temp Temp Rise Air Flow Altitude DIMM Pitch Serial DEBUG Message Level	[Auto] [Independent] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [X.X°C] [xxx] [xxx] [xxxx] [xxxx] [Sea Level or be [xxx] [Enabled] [070] [020] [1500] [Sea level or bel [400] [None]	ow]	← → Select So ↓ Select Item F1 General F10 Save and ESC Exit	b Screen Help

Feature	Option	Description
CPU Bridge Chipset Con	·	
or o arrage ampost con	Auto	Transition the links to the
	4.800GT	specified speed when
QPI Frequency	5.866GT	transitioning the links to full-
, ,		speed.(if supported by all
	6.400GT	components)
	Auto	Forces a DDR3 frequency
Memory Frequency	Force DDR-800	slower than the common tCk
Welliory Frequency	Force DDR-1066	detected via SPD.
	Force DDR-1333	dotoctod vid or B.
	Independent	Independent:
	Channel	Independent channel.
	Mirroring	Mirroring:
	Lockstep	Mirrors channel space between channel.
Memory Mode		Lockstep:
	Sparing	lockstep between channel 0
		and 1.
		Spare:
		Sparing mode.
Demand Scrubbing	Disabled	ECC Demand scrub
Demand Scrubbing	Enabled	enable/disable
Patrol Scrubbing	Disabled	ECC patrol scrub
- attor corassing	Enabled	enable/disable
Throttling-Closed Loop	Disabled	BIOS to program Closed Loop
	Enabled	throttling for memory compents.
	Disabled	
Hyster temp	1.5°C	Temperature Hysteresis.
Tryster temp	3°C	- remperature rrysteresis.
	6°C	
Overally and to man		Temperature guardband to
Guardhand temp		apply to DIMM temp sensor
Inlet temp		Threshold. (in 0.5°C units) Temperature at the chassis
mier temp		inlet. (in 0.5°C units)
Temp Rise		Temperature rise to the DIMM
		thermal zone. (in 0.5°C units)
Air Flam		Air speed to the DIMMs. (in
Air Flow		units of mm/sec)

Feature	Option	Description	
	Sea Level or		
	Below		
	1~300		
	301~600		
	601~900		
Altitude	901~1200	The system altitude above sea	
Ailitude	1201~1500	level(in meters)	
	1501~1800		
	1801~2100		
	2101~2400		
	2401~2700		
	2701~3000		
DIMM Pitch		The pitch between DIMMs.(in units of 1/1000 inch)	
Throttling-Open Loop	Enabled	BIOS to program Open Loop throttling for memory	
Throtting Open 200p	Disabled	compents.	
Inlet temp	[070]	Temperature at the chassis inlet.(in 0.5℃ units)	
Temp Rise	[020]	Temperature rise to the DIMM thermal zone. (in 0.5°C units)	
Air Flow	[1500]	Air speed to the DIMMs. (in units of mm/sec)	
	Sea Level or		
	Below		
	1~300		
	301~600		
	601~900		
Altitude	901~1200	The system altitude above sea	
Aittude	1201~1500	level(in meters)	
	1501~1800		
	1801~2100		
	2101~2400		
	2401~2700		
	2701~3000		
DIMM Pitch	[400]	The pitch between DIMMs.(in units of 1/1000 inch)	
	NONE		
Serial Debug message	MIN	Specifies what level of debug	
level	MAX	messages to display.	
	TEST	_	

3.11.2 - Northbridge Configuration Sub-Menu

This menu gives options for northbridge devices settings. Select a menu by highlighting it using the Arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys and pressing Enter. The settings are described on the following pages.

	BIOS Setup Utility				
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Securit	y Chipset Exit
NorthBri	NorthBridge Chipset Configuration				Crystal Beach/DMA configuration.
NB Revis Current C	ion SI Frequency		[B0] X.XXXGT		
Crystal Bo	each/DMA		[Disabled]	1	← → Select Screen ↑↓ Select Item +/- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Feature	Option	Description	
NorthBridge Chipset	Configuration		
Crystal Beach/DMA	Enabled	Crystal Beach/DMA configuration.	
Crystal Beach/DIVIA	Disabled	Crystal Beach/DiviA configuration.	

3.11.3 - Southbridge Configuration Sub-Menu

This menu gives options for southbridge devices settings. Select a menu by highlighting it using the Arrow $(\uparrow \land \downarrow)$ keys and pressing Enter. The settings are described on the following pages.

	BIOS Setup U	tility	
Main Advanced PCI/	PnP Boot	Securi	ity Chipset Exit
South Bridge Chipset Conf	iguration		Options
HAD Controller SMBUS Controller SLP_S4# Min. Assertion Wid Restore on AC Power Loss	[Enabled	conds]	Disabled 2 USB Ports 4 USB Ports 6 USB Ports 8 USB Ports 10 USB Ports 12 USB Ports ← → Select Screen ↑↓ Select item +/- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit

Feature	Option	Description
South Bridge Chipset Con	figuration	
HAD Controller	Enabled	Enabled/Disabled SMBUS
TIAD CONTIONE	Disabled	HAD Controller
SMBUS Controller	Disabled	Enabled/Disabled SMBUS
	Enabled	Controller
SLP S4# Min. Assertion	4 to 5 seconds	Set SLP S4# Min. Assertion
Width	3 to 4 seconds	Width.
	2 to 3 seconds	
	1 to 2 seconds	
Restore on AC Power	Power Off	Custom state offer Destars on
Loss	Power On	System state after Restore on AC Power Loss.
	Last State	7.0 1 0.10. 2000.

3.12 - Exit Menu

You can display an Exit BIOS Setup option by highlighting it Arrow (\uparrow / \downarrow) keys and pressing Enter.

		BIOS	Setup Uti	lity		
Main	Advanced	PCI/PnP	Boot	Security	Chipset	Exit
Exit Options		Exit system setup after saving the changes.		er saving		
	inges and Exit hanges and E harges			F10 key operation	can be used า.	for this
Load Optimal Defaults Load Failsafe Defaults		↑↓ Selection	to Sub Scre neral Help ve and Exit	een		

Save Changes and Exit

Use this option to exit setup utility and re-boot.
All new selections you have made are stored into CMOS.
System will use the new settings to boot up.

Discard Changes and Exit

Use this option to exit setup utility and re-boot.
All new selections you have made are not stored into CMOS.
System will use the old settings to boot up.

Discard Changes

Use this option to restore all new setup values that you have made but not saved into CMOS.

Load Optimal Defaults

Use this option to load default performance setup values. Use this option when system CMOS values have been corrupted or modified incorrectly.

Load Failsafe Defaults

Use this option to load all default failsafe setup values. Use this option when troubleshooting.

Chapter 4: Diagnostics

If you experience problems with setting up your system, always check the following things in the following order:

Memory, Video, CPU

By checking these items, you will most likely find out what the problem might have been when setting up your system. For more information on troubleshooting, check the TYAN® website at: http://www.TYAN.com.

4.1 - Beep Codes

Fatal errors, which halt the boot process, are communicated through two kinds of audible beeps.

- A single long beep followed by two short beeps: It indicates that a Video error has occurred.
- •A single long beep repeatedly: It indicates that a DRAM error has occurred. The most common type of error is a memory error.

Before contacting your vendor or $\mathsf{TYAN}^{\$}$ Technical Support, be sure that you note as much as you can about the beep code length and order that you experience. Also, be ready with information regarding add-in cards, drives and O/S to speed the support process and come to a quicker solution.

4.2 - Flash Utility

Every BIOS file is unique for the motherboard it was designed for. For Flash Utilities, BIOS downloads, and information on how to properly use the Flash Utility with your motherboard, please check the TYAN® web site:

http://www.TYAN.com/

Note:



Please be aware that by flashing your BIOS, you agree that in the event of a BIOS flash failure, you must contact your dealer for a replacement BIOS. There are no exceptions. TYAN® does not have a policy for replacing BIOS chips directly with end users. In no event will TYAN® be held responsible for damages done by the end user.

4.3 - AMIBIOS Post Code

The POST code checkpoints are the largest set of checkpoints during the BIOS pre-boot process. The following table describes the type of checkpoints that may occur during the POST portion of the BIOS:

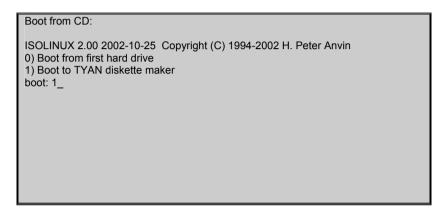
Chacknoint	Description
Checkpoint	Description
03	Disable NMI, Parity, video for EGA, and DMA controllers. Initialize
	BIOS, POST, Runtime data area. Also initialize BIOS modules on POST entry and GPNV area. Initialized CMOS as mentioned in the
	Kernel Variable "wCMOSFlags."
04	Check CMOS diagnostic byte to determine if battery power is OK and
04	CMOS checksum is OK. Verify CMOS checksum manually by
	reading storage area. If the CMOS checksum is bad, update CMOS
	with power-on default values and clear passwords. Initialize status
	register A.
	Initializes data variables that are based on CMOS setup questions.
	Initializes both the 8259 compatible PICs in the system
05	Initializes the interrupt controlling hardware (generally PIC) and
	interrupt vector table.
06	Do R/W test to CH-2 count reg. Initialize CH-0 as system timer.Install
	the POSTINT1Ch handler. Enable IRQ-0 in PIC for system timer
	interrupt.
	Traps INT1Ch vector to "POSTINT1ChHandlerBlock."
08	Initializes the CPU. The BAT test is being done on KBC. Program
	the keyboard controller command byte is being done after Auto
	detection of KB/MS using AMI KB-5.
0A	Initializes the 8042 compatible Key Board Controller.
0B	Detects the presence of PS/2 mouse.
0C	Detects the presence of Keyboard in KBC port.
0E	Testing and initialization of different Input Devices. Also, update the
	Kernel Variables.
	Traps the INT09h vector, so that the POST INT09h handler gets control for IRQ1. Uncompress all available language, BIOS logo, and
	Silent logo modules.
13	Early POST initialization of chipset registers.
24	Uncompress and initialize any platform specific BIOS modules.
30	Initialize System Management Interrupt.
2A	Initializes different devices through DIM.
	See <i>DIM Code Checkpoints</i> section of document for more information.
2C	Initializes different devices. Detects and initializes the video adapter
= =	installed in the system that have optional ROMs.
2E	Initializes all the output devices.
31	Allocate memory for ADM module and uncompress it. Give control to
	ADM module for initialization. Initialize language and font modules for
	ADM. Activate ADM module.
33	Initializes the silent boot module. Set the window for displaying text
	information.
37	Displaying sign-on message, CPU information, setup key message,
	and any OEM specific information.

Checkpoint	Description
38	Initializes different devices through DIM. See DIM Code Checkpoints
	section of document for more information.
39	Initializes DMAC-1 & DMAC-2.
3A	Initialize RTC date/time.
3B	Test for total memory installed in the system. Also, Check for DEL or ESC keys to limit memory test. Display total memory in the system.
3C	Mid POST initialization of chipset registers.
40	Detect different devices (Parallel ports, serial ports, and coprocessor in CPU, etc.) successfully installed in the system and update the BDA, EBDAetc.
50	Programming the memory hole or any kind of implementation that needs an adjustment in system RAM size if needed.
52	Updates CMOS memory size from memory found in memory test. Allocates memory for Extended BIOS Data Area from base memory.
60	Initializes NUM-LOCK status and programs the KBD typematic rate.
75	Initialize Int-13 and prepare for IPL detection.
78	Initializes IPL devices controlled by BIOS and option ROMs.
7A	Initializes remaining option ROMs.
7C	Generate and write contents of ESCD in NVRam.
84	Log errors encountered during POST.
85	Display errors to the user and gets the user response for error.
87	Execute BIOS setup if needed / requested.
8C	Late POST initialization of chipset registers.
8E	Program the peripheral parameters. Enable/Disable NMI as selected
90	Late POST initialization of system management interrupt.
A0	Check boot password if installed.
A1	Clean-up work needed before booting to OS.
A2	Takes care of runtime image preparation for different BIOS modules. Fill the free area in F000h segment with 0FFh. Initializes the Microsoft IRQ Routing Table. Prepares the runtime language module. Disables the system configuration display if needed.
A4	Initialize runtime language module.
A7	Displays the system configuration screen if enabled. Initialize the CPU's before boot, which includes the programming of the MTRR's.
A8	Prepare CPU for OS boot including final MTRR values.
A9	Wait for user input at config display if needed.
AA	Uninstall POST INT1Ch vector and INT09h vector. Deinitializes the ADM module.
AB	Prepare BBS for Int 19 boot.
AC	End of POST initialization of chipset registers.
B1	Save system context for ACPI.
00	Passes control to OS Loader (typically INT19h).

Appendix: How to Make a Driver Diskette

Follow the steps below to make a driver diskette from the $\mathsf{TYAN}^{\texttt{0}}$ driver CD provided.

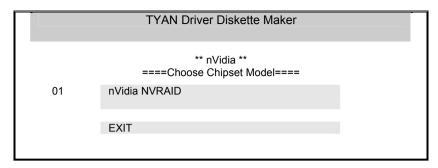
 Start the system and insert the TYAN[®] CD into the CD-ROM drive to boot from CD. You will see the following menu. Then press [1] and [Enter] to boot the system to TYAN[®] diskette maker. (If you would like to boot from hard disk, press 0 and Enter or just wait for 10 seconds to boot automatically from hard disk.).



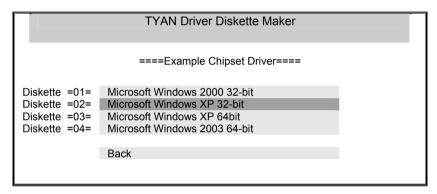
2. Choose the chipset vender which you need from the main menu.

	TYAN Driver Diskette Maker V1.0
	** Main Menu** ====Choose Chipset Vendor====
01 02 03 04 05 06 07	Adaptec Intel LSI nVidia Promise Silicon Image VIA
	EXIT

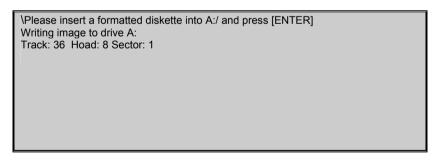
3. The following picture pops up after selecting the chipset model.



4. After selecting the chipset model, select the OS to start the diskette making.



5. Follow the instruction on menu to insert a diskette and press [ENTER].



 Using "ESC" key to quit the TYAN[®] diskette maker. The system will automatically restart.

Glossary

ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface): a power management specification that allows the operating system to control the amount of power distributed to the computer's devices. Devices not in use can be turned off, reducing unnecessary power expenditure.

AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port): a PCI-based interface which was designed specifically for demands of 3D graphics applications. The 32-bit AGP channel directly links the graphics controller to the main memory. While the channel runs only at 66 MHz, it supports data transmission during both the rising and falling ends of the clock cycle, yielding an effective speed of 133 MHz.

ATAPI (AT Attachment Packet Interface): also known as IDE or ATA; a drive implementation that includes the disk controller on the device itself. It allows CD-ROMs and tape drives to be configured as master or slave devices, just like HDDs.

ATX: the form factor designed to replace the AT form factor. It improves on the AT design by rotating the board 90 degrees, so that the IDE connectors are closer to the drive bays, and the CPU is closer to the power supply and cooling fan. The keyboard, mouse, USB, serial, and parallel ports are built-in.

Bandwidth: refers to carrying capacity. The greater the bandwidth, the more data the bus, phone line, or other electrical path can carry. Greater bandwidth results in greater speed.

BBS (BIOS Boot Specification): a feature within the BIOS that creates, prioritizes, and maintains a list of all Initial Program Load (IPL) devices, and then stores that list in NVRAM. IPL devices have the ability to load and execute an OS, as well as provide the ability to return to the BIOS if the OS load process fails. At that point, the next IPL device is called upon to attempt loading of the OS.

BIOS (Basic Input/Output System): the program that resides in the ROM chip, which provides the basic instructions for controlling your computer's hardware. Both the operating system and application software use BIOS routines to ensure compatibility.

Buffer: a portion of RAM which is used to temporarily store data; usually from an application though it is also used when printing and in most keyboard drivers. The CPU can manipulate data in a buffer before copying it to a disk drive. While this improves system performance (reading to or writing from a disk drive a single time is much faster than doing so repeatedly) there is the possibility of

losing your data should the system crash. Information in a buffer is temporarily stored, not permanently saved.

Bus: a data pathway. The term is used especially to refer to the connection between the processor and system memory, and between the processor and PCI or ISA local buses.

Bus mastering: allows peripheral devices and IDEs to access the system memory without going through the CPU (similar to DMA channels).

Cache: a temporary storage area for data that will be needed often by an application. Using a cache lowers data access times since the information is stored in SRAM instead of slower DRAM. Note that the cache is also much smaller than your regular memory: a typical cache size is 512KB, while you may have as much as 4GB of regular memory.

Closed and open jumpers: jumpers and jumper pins are active when they are "on" or "closed", and inactive when they are "off" or "open".

CMOS (Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductors): chips that hold the basic startup information for the BIOS.

COM port: another name for the serial port, which is called as such because it transmits the eight bits of a byte of data along one wire, and receives data on another single wire (that is, the data is transmitted in serial form, one bit after another). Parallel ports transmit the bits of a byte on eight different wires at the same time (that is, in parallel form, eight bits at the same time).

DDR (Double Data Rate): a technology designed to double the clock speed of the memory. It activates output on both the rising and falling edge of the system clock rather than on just the rising edge, potentially doubling output.

DIMM (Dual In-line Memory Module): faster and more capacious form of RAM than SIMMs, and do not need to be installed in pairs.

DIMM bank: sometimes called DIMM socket because the physical slot and the logical unit are the same. That is, one DIMM module fits into one DIMM socket, which is capable of acting as a memory bank.

DMA (**Direct Memory Access**): channels that are similar to IRQs. DMA channels allow hardware devices (like soundcards or keyboards) to access the main memory without involving the CPU. This frees up CPU resources for other tasks. As with IRQs, it is vital that you do not double up devices on a single line. Plug-n-Play devices will take care of this for you.

DRAM (Dynamic RAM): widely available, very affordable form of RAM which looses data if it is not recharged regularly (every few milliseconds). This refresh requirement makes DRAM three to ten times slower than non-recharged RAM such as SRAM.

ECC (Error Correction Code or Error Checking and Correcting): allows data to be checked for errors during run-time. Errors can subsequently be corrected at the same time that they're found.

EEPROM (Electrically Erasable Programmable ROM): also called Flash BIOS, it is a ROM chip which can, unlike normal ROM, be updated. This allows you to keep up with changes in the BIOS programs without having to buy a new chip. TYAN.[®]'s BIOS updates can be found at http://www.TYAN.com

ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data): a format for storing information about Plug-n-Play devices in the system BIOS. This information helps properly configure the system each time it boots.

Firmware: low-level software that controls the system hardware.

Form factor: an industry term for the size, shape, power supply type, and external connector type of the Personal Computer Board (PCB) or motherboard. The standard form factors are the AT and ATX.

Global timer: onboard hardware timer, such as the Real-Time Clock (RTC).

HDD: stands for Hard Disk Drive, a type of fixed drive.

H-SYNC: controls the horizontal synchronization/properties of the monitor.

HyperTransportTM: a high speed, low latency, scalable point-to-point link for interconnecting ICs on boards. It can be significantly faster than a PCI bus for an equivalent number of pins. It provides the bandwidth and flexibility critical for today's networking and computing platforms while retaining the fundamental programming model of PCI.

IC (Integrated Circuit): the formal name for the computer chip.

IDE (Integrated Device/Drive Electronics): a simple, self-contained HDD interface. It can handle drives up to 8.4 GB in size. Almost all IDEs sold now are in fact Enhanced IDEs (EIDEs), with maximum capacity determined by the hardware controller.

IDE INT (IDE Interrupt): a hardware interrupt signal that goes to the IDE.

I/O (Input/Output): the connection between your computer and another piece of hardware (mouse, keyboard, etc.)

IRQ (Interrupt Request): an electronic request that runs from a hardware device to the CPU. The interrupt controller assigns priorities to incoming requests and delivers them to the CPU. It is important that there is only one device hooked up to each IRQ line; doubling up devices on IRQ lines can lock up your system. Plug-n-Play operating systems can take care of these details for you.

Latency: the amount of time that one part of a system spends waiting for another part to catch up. This occurs most commonly when the system sends data out to a peripheral device and has to wait for the peripheral to spread (peripherals tend to be slower than onboard system components).

NVRAM: ROM and EEPROM are both examples of Non-Volatile RAM, memory that holds its data without power. DRAM, in contrast, is volatile.

Parallel port: transmits the bits of a byte on eight different wires at the same time.

PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect): a 32 or 64-bit local bus (data pathway) which is faster than the ISA bus. Local buses are those which operate within a single system (as opposed to a network bus, which connects multiple systems).

PCI PIO (PCI Programmable Input/Output) modes: the data transfer modes used by IDE drives. These modes use the CPU for data transfer (in contrast, DMA channels do not). PCI refers to the type of bus used by these modes to communicate with the CPU.

PCI-to-PCI Bridge: allows you to connect multiple PCI devices onto one PCI slot.

Pipeline burst SRAM: a fast secondary cache. It is used as a secondary cache because SRAM is slower than SDRAM, but usually larger. Data is cached first to the faster primary cache, and then, when the primary cache is full, to the slower secondary cache.

PnP (Plug-n-Play): a design standard that has become ascendant in the industry. Plug-n-Play devices require little set-up to use. Devices and operating systems that are not Plug-n-Play require you to reconfigure your system each time you add or change any part of your hardware.

PXE (**Preboot Execution Environment**): one of four components that together make up the Wired for Management 2.0 baseline specification. PXE was

designed to define a standard set of preboot protocol services within a client with the goal of allowing networked-based booting to boot using industry standard protocols.

RAID (Redundant Array of Independent Disks): a way for the same data to be stored in different places on many hard drives. By using this method, the data is stored redundantly and multiple hard drives will appear as a single drive to the operating system. RAID level 0 is known as striping, where data is striped (or overlapped) across multiple hard drives, but offers no fault-tolerance. RAID level 1 is known as mirroring, which stores the data within at least two hard drives, but does not stripe. RAID level 1 also allows for faster access time and fault-tolerance, since either hard drive can be read at the same time. RAID level 0+1 is both striping and mirroring, providing fault-tolerance, striping, and faster access all at the same time.

RAIDIOS: RAID I/O Steering (Intel)

RAM (Random Access Memory): technically refers to a type of memory where any byte can be accessed without touching the adjacent data and is often referred to the system's main memory. This memory is available to any program running on the computer.

ROM (Read-Only Memory): a storage chip which contains the BIOS; the basic instructions required to boot the computer and start up the operating system.

SDRAM (Synchronous Dynamic RAM): called as such because it can keep two sets of memory addresses open simultaneously. By transferring data alternately from one set of addresses and then the other, SDRAM cuts down on the delays associated with non-synchronous RAM, which must close one address bank before opening the next.

Serial port: called as such because it transmits the eight bits of a byte of data along one wire, and receives data on another single wire (that is, the data is transmitted in serial form, one bit after another).

SCSI Interrupt Steering Logic (SISL): Architecture that allows a RAID controller, such as AcceleRAID 150, 200 or 250, to implement RAID on a system board-embedded SCSI bus or a set of SCSI busses. SISL: SCSI Interrupt Steering Logic (LSI) (only on LSI SCSI boards)

Sleep/Suspend mode: in this mode, all devices except the CPU shut down.

SDRAM (Static RAM): unlike DRAM, this type of RAM does not need to be refreshed in order to prevent data loss. Thus, it is faster and more expensive.

SLI (Scalable Link Interface): NVIDIA SLI technology links two graphics cards together to provide scalability and increased performance. NVIDIA SLI takes

advantage of the increased <u>bandwidth</u> of the <u>PCI Express</u> bus architecture, and features <u>hardware</u> and <u>software</u> innovations within NVIDIA <u>GPU</u>s (graphics processing units) and NVIDIA MCPs (media and <u>communications</u> processors). Depending on the <u>application</u>, NVIDIA SLI can deliver as much as two times the performance of a single GPU configuration.

Standby mode: in this mode, the video and hard drives shut down; all other devices continue to operate normally.

UltraDMA-33/66/100: a fast version of the old DMA channel. UltraDMA is also called UltraATA. Without a proper UltraDMA controller, your system cannot take advantage of higher data transfer rates of the new UltraDMA/UltraATA hard drives.

USB (Universal Serial Bus): a versatile port. This one port type can function as a serial, parallel, mouse, keyboard or joystick port. It is fast enough to support video transfer, and is capable of supporting up to 127 daisy-chained peripheral devices.

VGA (Video Graphics Array): the PC video display standard

V-SYNC: controls the vertical scanning properties of the monitor.

ZCR (Zero Channel RAID): PCI card that allows a RAID card to use the onboard SCSI chip, thus lowering cost of RAID solution

ZIF Socket (Zero Insertion Force socket): these sockets make it possible to insert CPUs without damaging the sensitive CPU pins. The CPU is lightly placed in an open ZIF socket, and a lever is pulled down. This shifts the processor over and down, guiding it into the board and locking it into place.

Technical Support

If a problem arises with your system, you should first turn to your dealer for direct support. Your system has most likely been configured or designed by them and they should have the best idea of what hardware and software your system contains. Hence, they should be of the most assistance for you. Furthermore, if you purchased your system from a dealer near you, take the system to them directly to have it serviced instead of attempting to do so yourself (which can have expensive consequences).

If these options are not available for you then TYAN® Computer Corporation can help. Besides designing innovative and quality products for over a decade, TYAN® has continuously offered customers service beyond their expectations. TYAN® website (www.TYAN.com) provides easy-to-access resources such as in-depth Linux Online Support sections with downloadable Linux drivers and comprehensive compatibility reports for chassis, memory and much more. With all these convenient resources just a few keystrokes away, users can easily find the latest software and operating system components to keep their systems running as powerful and productive as possible. TYAN® also ranks high for its commitment to fast and friendly customer support through email. By offering plenty of options for users, TYAN® serves multiple market segments with the industry's most competitive services to support them.

"TYAN's tech support is some of the most impressive we've seen, with great response time and exceptional organization in general"

----Anandtech.com

Help Resources:

- 1. See the beep codes section of this manual.
- See the TYAN[®] website for FAQ's, bulletins, driver updates, and other information: http://www.TYAN.com
- 3. Contact your dealer for help BEFORE calling TYAN®.
- 4. Check the TYAN® user group:

alt.comp.periphs.mainboard.TYAN

Returning Merchandise for Service

During the warranty period, contact your distributor or system vendor FIRST for any product problems. This warranty only covers normal customer use and does not cover damages incurred during shipping or failure due to the alteration, misuse, abuse, or improper maintenance of products.

Note:



A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service can be rendered. You may obtain service by calling the manufacturer for a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. The RMA number Should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton and the package should be mailed prepaid. TYAN® will pay to have the board shipped back to you.



Notice for the USA

Compliance Information Statement (Declaration of Conformity Procedure) DoC FCC Part 15: This device complies with part 15 of the FCC

Rules

Operation is subject to the following conditions:

This device may not cause harmful interference, and this device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.

Plug the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that of the receiver. Consult the dealer on an experienced radio/television technician for help.

Notice for Canada

This apparatus complies with the Class B limits for radio interference as specified in the Canadian Department of Communications Radio Interference Regulations. (Cet appareil est conforme aux norms de Classe B d'interference radio tel que specifie par le Ministere Canadien des Communications dans les reglements d'ineteference radio.)



Notice for Europe (CE Mark)
This product is in conformity with the Council Directive 2004/108/EC, 92/31/EEC (EMC).

CAUTION: Lithium battery included with this board. Do not puncture, mutilate, or dispose of battery in fire. Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by manufacturer. Dispose of used battery according to manufacturer instructions and in accordance with your local regulations.

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